# HATFIELD TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA Financial Report December 31, 2019



## HATFIELD TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA December 31, 2019

## **Table of Contents**

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	4 - 13
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15 - 16
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	17 - 18
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	20 - 21
Reconciliation of the Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	22
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	24
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	25
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	26
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Trust Funds	27
Notes to Financial Statements	28 - 75

### HATFIELD TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA December 31, 2019

## **Table of Contents**

	Page
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	
Schedule of Changes in the Township's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	76 - 79
Schedule of Township Contributions	80 - 81
Schedule of Investment Returns	82
Schedule of Changes in the Township's OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	83
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	84
Notes to Schedules of Budget to Actual Comparisons	85
Other Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual – Recycling Fund	86
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund	87
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Proprietary Fund - Pool Fund	88
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	89 - 90
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	91 - 92
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds	93
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds	94

## HATFIELD TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA December 31, 2019

## **Table of Contents**

	Page
Other Supplementary Information (continued)	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	95 - 96
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	97 - 98
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Capital Reserve Fund	99



#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Commissioners Hatfield Township Hatfield, Pennsylvania

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hatfield Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2019, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Hatfield Township's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements**

The Township's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse audit opinion on the reporting entity and unmodified audit opinion on the governmental activities, the business-type activities, major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the primary government.

#### **Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Reporting Entity**

The financial statements referred to above include only the primary government of Hatfield Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, which consists of all funds, departments, and offices that comprise the Township's legal entity. The financial statements do not include financial data for the Township's legally separate component units, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be reported with the financial data of the Township's primary government.

#### **Adverse Opinion on the Reporting Entity**

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Reporting Entity paragraph, the primary government financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the reporting entity of Hatfield Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2019, and the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Township's component units issue their own financial statements which are audited by other accounting firms. At this time, the component units' audit reports for the year ended December 31, 2019, are not complete.

## Opinion on the Governmental Activities, the Business-type Activities, Major Funds, and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the government activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the primary government of Hatfield Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required information on pages 4-13 and 76-85 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements. The additional budget schedules on pages 86-88 and 95-99, and the combining and individual nonmajor and pension trust fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The budget schedules and combining and individual nonmajor and pension trust fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

## DunlapSLK, PC

Chalfont, Pennsylvania June 17, 2020

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2019

This discussion and analysis of Hatfield Township's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statement, which begins after the Management Discussion and Analysis.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Hatfield Township's revenue remained strong in 2019, which has led to no tax increases for the sixth year in a row.
- The earned income tax collected by Township increased 5.78% due an increase of housing activity within the township.
- Hatfield Township's Police Pension Plan is 95% funded and the Municipal Employees Pension Plan is 100% funded.
- Hatfield Township Long Term Debt Obligations at the end of 2019 remains under \$5 million dollars.

#### **USING THIS REPORT**

This report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 14 and 15-16) provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 18. For governmental activities, these statements tell how Township services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Township's major funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Township acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the government.

#### Reporting on the Township as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the Township as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer the question of whether or not the Township is better or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements report the Township's net position and changes in them. The Township's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide a measurement of the Township's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are an indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### **USING THIS REPORT (continued)**

#### **Reporting Significant Funds**

The fund financial statements begin on page 17 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Township as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the Board of Commissioners established many other funds to help it control or manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

The Township's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows in and out of those funds and the balances left at yearend that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Township's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance Township programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled at the end of the fund financial statements.

#### The Township as a Trustee

The Township is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for escrow deposits received from developers, businesses, and individuals for legal and engineering fees. All of the Township's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 26 and 27. These activities are excluded from the Township's other financial statements because the Township cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Township is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position provides an overview of the Township's assets, liabilities, and net position. Over time, this statement will provide a good indicator of the Township's fiscal health.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2019

## THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (continued)

### Table 1 Net Position (Governmental and Business-Type Activities)

Account	2019	019 2018 \$ Change %		2019 2018 \$ Change		% Change
~				0.50		
Capital Assets	\$35,342,530	\$35,102,503	\$ 240,027	0.68		
Current and Other Assets	8,293,831	7,738,108	555,723_	7.18		
Total Assets	43,636,361	42,840,611	795,750	1.86		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,170,277	3,155,629	(985,352)	(31.23)		
Long-Term Liabilities	6,216,412	9,512,466	(3,296,054)	(34.65)		
Other Liabilities	930,379	811,432	118,947	14.66		
Total Liabilities	7,146,791	10,323,898	(3,177,107)	(30.77)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,568,570	1,318,346	2,250,224	170.69		
Net Position						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	30,767,716	30,934,926	(167,210)	(0.54)		
Restricted	3,375,864	2,553,244	822,620	32.22		
Unrestricted	947,697	865,826	81,871	9.46		
Total Net Position	\$35,091,277	\$34,353,996	\$ 737,281	2.15		

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2019

## THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (continued)

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(Governmental and Business-Type Activities)

Account	2019	2018	\$ Change	% Change
Program Revenues				
General Government	\$ 446,867	\$ 546,286	\$ (99,419)	(18.20)
Police	1,254,777	1,217,831	36,946	3.03
Fire	222,101	209,042	13,059	6.25
Code Enforcement	711,991	677,372	34,619	5.11
Highway Maintenance	648,249	1,754,502	(1,106,253)	(63.05)
Snow Removal	1,450	2,900	(1,450)	(50.00)
Parks and Recreation	514,903	383,607	131,296	34.23
Pool	641,600	589,857	51,743	8.77
General Revenues				
Real Estate Taxes	4,875,903	4,993,513	(117,610)	(2.36)
Transfer Taxes	608,582	608,917	(335)	(0.06)
Earned Income Taxes	3,173,088	2,999,762	173,326	5.78
Other Taxes	641,406	750,877	(109,471)	(14.58)
Grants and Contributions	52,264	32,793	19,471	59.38
Interest and Rents	82,655	71,788	10,867	15.14
Loss on Disposal of Equipment	411,390	39,876	371,514	931.67
Miscellaneous	4,342	138,993	(134,651)	(96.88)
Total Revenues (Forwarded)	\$ 14,291,568	\$ 15,017,916	\$ (726,348)	(4.84)

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (continued)

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(Governmental and Business-Type Activities)

Account	2019	2018	\$ Change	% Change
Total Revenues (Forwarded)	\$ 14,291,568	\$15,017,916	\$ (726,348)	(4.84)
Program Expenses				
Finance and Tax Collection	230,322	211,607	18,715	8.84
Professional Services	353,964	251,417	102,547	40.79
General Government	1,195,271	1,214,553	(19,282)	(1.59)
Police	5,946,492	6,006,544	(60,052)	(1.00)
Fire	760,667	898,799	(138,132)	(15.37)
Code Enforcement	505,142	402,511	102,631	25.50
Highway Maintenance	2,893,164	3,118,065	(224,901)	(7.21)
Snow and Ice Removal	57,999	88,540	(30,541)	(34.49)
Street Lighting	49,540	43,725	5,815	13.30
Parks and Recreation	703,592	493,509	210,083	42.57
Pool	858,134	896,303	(38,169)	(4.26)
<b>Total Expenses</b>	13,554,287	13,625,573	(71,286)	(0.52)
<b>Changes in Net Position</b>	\$ 737,281	\$ 1,392,343	\$ (655,062)	(47.05)

#### **Revenue Overview**

Overall Revenues decreased from 2018 to 2019 by \$726,348. The main reason for the decrease was in 2018, the township received a one-time reimbursement for bridge replacement of \$1 million. Removing this 2018 reimbursement, the township actually gained \$274,000 in revenue in 2019.

- Earned Income Taxes increased in 2019 by 5.78% due to the increase of new housing over the past two years.
- The Transfer Tax was flat in 2019, however compared to the previous 7 years, the real estate transfer tax is 15% higher due to strength of the economy.
- Property taxes were flat for 2019 compared to 2018 which was due to no real estate tax increase.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2019

## THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (continued)

Figure 1

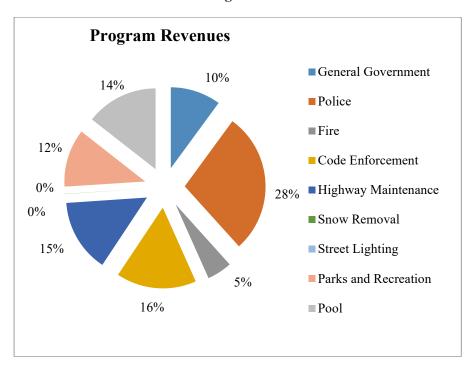
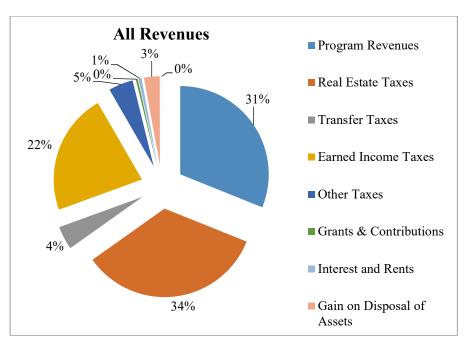


Figure 2



#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Expense Overview**

Total expenses were flat in 2019 with a \$71,286 decrease from 2018. Spending on the police decreased \$60,000 in 2019 due to recent officers' retirements and the hiring of new officers at a lower rate. Highway spending decreased in 2019 by \$225,000 due to decreased prices on asphalt and the inter municipal agreements on repairing roads for which we were reimbursed for at the end of 2019.

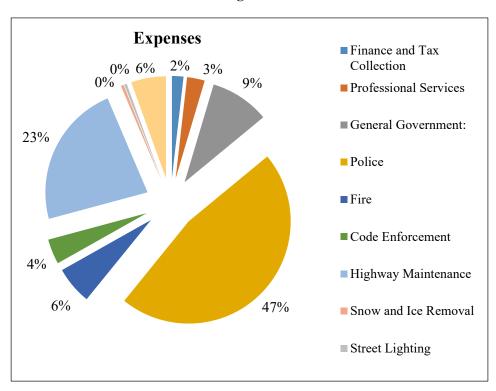


Figure 3

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST

#### Water

Residents and businesses of the Township are served by North Penn Water Authority and on-lot water systems. The Township has no financial or management control of the water company.

#### **Waste Water**

Residents and businesses of the Township are served by the Hatfield Township Municipal Authority and on-lot sewage disposal systems. Based on the fact that the Township is responsible for appointing the Authority's board members and that the Authority serves only Township residents, the Authority is considered a component unit of Hatfield Township. The Authority's audited statements can be obtained by contacting Authority management.

#### Fire and Ambulance

Residents and businesses of the Township are served by the Hatfield Fire Company and the Colmar Fire Company in designated districts. There are mutual aid agreements and central dispatching throughout the area. Ambulance service is provided by the Volunteer Medical Service Corps of Lansdale located within the Township. The Township collects and distributes a 0.62 mill fire tax, and aside from providing worker's compensation insurance for both the fire companies and the ambulance service, it has no other financial or management control of the fire companies or ambulance services.

#### **Public Facilities**

The Township owns and operates a number of parks and scattered open space parcels. Chief among the parks are Hatfield Community Park, School Road Park, Clemens Park, and Schweiker Park, along with an Arboretum and a Nature Area. In April 2004, the Township purchased a new facility for Public Works that is capable of meeting its needs well into the future. In March 2005, the township opened a new administration building. Finally, the Police Department building, which was erected in 1979, is still in service today, with minor renovations to keep it up to date. In 2017, the township renovated a portion of the public works building to accommodate the police detective's unit.

#### ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

#### **General Fund**

At the end of 2019, Hatfield Township was able to maintain adequate cash reserves of 15% in accordance with GFOA best practice standards.

#### **Other Funds**

Significant other funds include: Capital Reserve Fund, the Parks and Recreation Fund, the State Highway Aid Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Pool Fund, and the Fire Fund.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### **ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS (continued)**

#### **Capital Reserve Fund**

The Township purchased two new cars for the Police Department and two new trucks for the public works department.

#### **Parks and Recreation Fund**

In 2016, the Township starting adding onto the Frick's Trail, with a scheduled finish date of fall 2020. The fund runs the Township Day Camps and its Summer Concert series.

#### **State Aid Fund**

The Township spent \$430,000 of liquid fuels funds on repaving roads within the Township and purchased a new dump truck.

#### Fire Fund

The Fire Fund relies on a 0.62 mill real estate tax to fund its contributions to the Hatfield Volunteer Fire Department and the Colmar Volunteer Fire Department.

#### **Pool Fund**

The Aquatic Center had over \$169,000 in capital improvements in 2019. The pool is now over 10 years old and is requiring a significant financial investment to maintain the pool for future use. Overall, the pool daily operations cover the daily operational cost so there is no lose in township revenue to operate the pool.

#### **Pension Plans**

All full-time police officers and full-time non-uniformed employees hired before January 1, 2013, are members of the Police and Non-Uniformed Defined Benefit Pension Plans. The Township is eligible for Act 205 assistance in the form of state aid. The plans are administered by the Univest Bank and Trust Co. Trust Department. Non-uniformed full-time employees hired after December 31, 2012, are members of a Defined Contribution Pension Plan.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Planning**

In 2019, the township has progressed on its Orvilla Road and Cowpath road straightening project to improve the biggest traffic problem within the township. The township is planning on the final construction to be completed by year end in 2020.

#### **Debt**

In 2019, the township took out a 5 year capital improvement bond \$720,000 to improve the parks within the township and the Hatfield Aquatic Center. The addition of this bond will not require the township to increase the overall Debt Service Tax.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### **ECONOMIC FORECAST**

In 2019, the Township had a strong year, similar to 2018; however, as the financial audit was being completed in early 2020, the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (Covid-19) was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization, and paralyzed the economy. A stay-at-home order was implemented by the state which essentially shut down most of the economy for a period of time. The shut-down also caused stock market to become unstable and threatens the township pensions, which were almost fully funded at the end of 2019.

The real estate tax collection for 2020 was not greatly affected by the shut down due to the fact that 75% of the taxes were collected when the shut-down occurred. However, with unemployment around 20%, the township may see a decrease in earned income tax collection, and the ability to collect real estate taxes in the future could be a problem that the township needs keep an eye on. The real estate transfer tax is most likely going to decrease due to the pandemic as the housing market slowed along with the economy. Based on the Great Recession in 2008 to 2010, the real estate transfer tax will decline, however, the township for budgeting purposes has adopted an average real estate transfer tax amount so the impact on the overall budget should not be significant.

Over the past 9 years, the township has built up significant cash reserves and a rainy-day fund to help the township deal with the financial implications of this pandemic in the short-term. The township has reevaluated all of its capital projects and budget for 2020 to look for savings to help preserve its overall cash balance going forward. The township expects to maintain normal services during the downtown and does not expect to see any increases in taxes to cover any short falls due to its strong cash balance. The township does not rely on revenue from tourism or the hospitality industry which have been devastated from the shutdown, so these two industries have very little impact on the township.

#### CONTACTING THE TOWNSHIP'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT TEAM

This Management Discussion and Analysis is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general, plain English overview of important financial matters. The Township's financial team is Finance Director, David Bernhauser (dbernhauser@hatfield.org), and Township Manager, Aaron Bibro. They can be reached at 215-855-0900 (phone), 215-855-0243 (fax), or www.hatfield.org (internet).

### Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets	Φ ((50.710	Φ 20.410	Ф
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,658,710	\$ 39,418	\$ 6,698,128
Taxes and Other Receivables Internal Balances	1,416,420	100	1,416,520
Due from Fiduciary Fund	4,398 179,183	(4,398)	179,183
Total Current Assets	8,258,711	35,120	8,293,831
	0,230,711	33,120	0,275,051
Noncurrent Assets	20 416 572	4 005 050	25 242 520
Net Capital Assets	30,416,572	4,925,958	35,342,530
Total Assets	38,675,283	4,961,078	43,636,361
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Outflows	2,114,914	-	2,114,914
Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Derivative	30,405	24,958	55,363
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,145,319	24,958	2,170,277
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Current Portion of General Obligation Notes	428,915	150,000	578,915
Current Portion of Capital Lease Obligation	87,251	-	87,251
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	59,173	9,949	69,122
Accrued Wages and Payroll Taxes	195,091	, -	195,091
Total Current Liabilities	770,430	159,949	930,379
Management I to Little on			
Noncurrent Liabilities	1 000 000	1 710 000	2 (17 000
General Obligation Note Payable Capital Lease Obligation	1,898,000 291,648	1,719,000	3,617,000 291,648
Compensated Absences	169,956	-	169,956
Net Pension Liability	1,133,233	-	1,133,233
Other Post-Employment Benefits	949,212	_	949,212
Fair Value of Derivative Instrument	30,405	24,958	55,363
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,472,454	1,743,958	6,216,412
Total Liabilities	5,242,884	1,903,907	7,146,791
Total Liabilities	3,242,004	1,903,907	/,140,/91
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension Inflows	3,568,570		3,568,570
Net Position			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	27,710,758	3,056,958	30,767,716
Restricted for Capital Projects	2,200,051	-	2,200,051
Restricted for Other	1,175,813	<b>-</b>	1,175,813
Unrestricted	922,526	25,171	947,697
Total Net Position	\$ 32,009,148	\$ 3,082,129	\$ 35,091,277

## Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2019

		 Program Revenue				
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	harges for Services	_	erating Grants Contributions	-	al Grants and ntributions
Governmental Activities	 					
General Government						
Finance and Tax Collection	\$ 230,322	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Professional Fees	353,964	-		-		-
General Government	1,195,271	358,072		88,795		-
Public Safety						
Police	5,946,492	986,991		267,786		-
Fire	760,667	87,136		134,965		-
Code Enforcement and Zoning	505,142	695,397		16,594		-
Highways						
Highway Maintenance	2,893,164	10,537		604,334		33,378
Snow and Ice Removal	57,999	1,450		-		-
Street Lighting	49,540	-		-		-
Parks and Recreation	703,592	147,959		366,944		-
Total Governmental Activities	12,696,153	2,287,542		1,479,418		33,378
Business-Type Activities						
Pool	 858,134	641,600				
Total	\$ 13,554,287	\$ 2,929,142	\$	1,479,418	\$	33,378

General Revenues

Real Estate Taxes

Other Taxes

**Grants and Contributions** 

Investment Income and Rents

Miscellaneous

Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets

Transfers

**Total General Revenues** 

Change in Net Position

**Net Position** 

Beginning of Year

End of Year

Governmental	Business-type	T. 4.1
Activities	Activities	Total
\$ (230,322)	\$ -	\$ (230,322)
(353,964)	-	(353,964)
(748,404)	-	(748,404)
(4,691,715)	-	(4,691,715)
(538,566)	-	(538,566)
206,849	-	206,849
(2,244,915)	-	(2,244,915)
(56,549)	-	(56,549)
(49,540)	-	(49,540)
(188,689)		(188,689)
(8,895,815)	-	(8,895,815)
	(216,534)	(216,534)
(8,895,815)	(216,534)	(9,112,349)
4,875,903	-	4,875,903
4,423,076	-	4,423,076
52,264	-	52,264
82,655	-	82,655
411,390	-	411,390
4,342	-	4,342
(359,047)	359,047	-
9,490,583	359,047	9,849,630
594,768	142,513	737,281
31,414,380	2,939,616	34,353,996
\$ 32,009,148	\$ 3,082,129	\$ 35,091,277

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

Assets	General Fund	Recycling Fund	Debt Service Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,357,305	\$ 1,285,044	\$ 902,477
Taxes Receivable	1,159,573	-	13,297
Other Receivables	188,362	-	25,260
Due from Other Funds	171,373		10,962
Total Assets	\$ 4,876,613	\$ 1,285,044	\$ 951,996
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 55,715	\$ -	\$ 803
Accrued Wages and Payroll Taxes	191,815	-	-
Total Liabilities	247,530		803
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Tax Receipts	338,387		8,047
Fund Balances			
Restricted	-	_	134,865
Assigned	-	1,285,044	808,281
Unassigned	4,290,696	-	-
Total Fund Balances	4,290,696	1,285,044	943,146
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$ 4,876,613	\$ 1,285,044	\$ 951,996

Nonmajor	Total
Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$ 1,113,884	\$ 6,658,710
29,928	1,202,798
-	213,622
1,246	183,581
\$ 1,145,058	\$ 8,258,711
\$ 2,655	\$ 59,173
3,276	195,091
5,931	254,264
9,764	356,198
172,487	307,352
956,876	3,050,201
	4,290,696
1,129,363	7,648,249
\$ 1,145,058	\$ 8,258,711

## Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 7,648,249
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position Are Different Because	
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources and, Therefore, Not Reported in Funds, Net of Accumulated Depreciation of \$20,116,213.	30,416,572
Other Long-Term Assets Are Not Available to Pay Current Period Expenditures, and Therefore Are Deferred in the Funds.  Taxes Receivable  Deferred Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Derivative Instrument	356,198 30,405
Deferred Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Outflows of Resources Are Not Available in the Current Period	2,114,914
Long-Term Liabilities Are Not Due and Payable in the Current Period, and, Therefore, Are Not Reported in the Funds.	
General Obligation Note Payable	(2,326,915)
Capital Lease Obligation	(378,899)
Compensated Absences	(169,956)
Net Pension Liability	(1,133,233)
Other Post-Employment Benefits	(949,212)
Fair Value of Derivative Instruments	(30,405)
Deferred Pension Inflows of Resources Are Not Available in the Current	
Period	 (3,568,570)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 32,009,148

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

## Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General Fund	Recycling Fund	Debt Service Fund
Revenues		•	
Taxes	\$ 7,945,378	\$ -	\$ 638,262
Intergovernmental	557,173	37,741	29,469
Charges for Services	1,625,447	-	-
Fines, Licenses and Permits	459,863	-	-
Interest Income and Rents	74,217	-	-
Miscellaneous Revenues	125,110	536,571	
Total Revenues	10,787,188	574,312	667,731
Expenditures			
General Government	1,157,311	-	-
Public Safety	4,599,300	-	-
Public Works	1,353,715	73,451	-
Parks and Recreation	-	36,300	-
Debt Service - Principal	11,130	-	287,526
Debt Service - Interest	2,762	-	52,730
Capital Expenditures	402,766	150,535	- -
Insurance and Employee Benefits	3,238,981	-	-
Miscellaneous Governmental	20,024	-	-
Total Expenditures	10,785,989	260,286	340,256
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,199	314,026	327,475
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from Issuance of Long-Term Note	-	-	-
Debt Issuance Costs	-	-	-
Operating Transfers In (Out)	(195,000)	(100,000)	(123,824)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(195,000)	(100,000)	(123,824)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(193,801)	214,026	203,651
Fund Balances			
Beginning of Year	4,484,497	1,071,018	739,495
End of Year	\$ 4,290,696	\$ 1,285,044	\$ 943,146

Nonmajor	Total
Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$ 773,376	\$ 9,357,016
546,285	1,170,668
147,644	1,773,091
-	459,863
8,438	82,655
194,059	855,740
1,669,802	13,699,033
_	1,157,311
446,353	5,045,653
248,476	1,675,642
550,474	586,774
110,032	408,688
8,746	64,238
707,247	1,260,548
-	3,238,981
_	20,024
2,071,328	13,457,859
(401,526)	241,174
720,000	720,000
(3,600)	(3,600)
59,777	(359,047)
776,177	357,353
374,651	598,527
754,712	7,049,722
\$ 1,129,363	\$ 7,648,249

## Reconciliation of the Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 598,527
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities Are Different Because	
Governmental Funds Report Capital Outlays As Expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the Cost of Those Assets is Allocated Over Their Estimated Useful Lives as Depreciation Expense. This is the Amount By Which Capital Outlays of \$1,260,548 Exceeded Depreciation Expense of \$1,203,567 in the Current Year.	25 412
\$1,203,307 in the Current Tear.	25,413
Revenues in the Statement of Activities That Do Not Provide Current Financial Resources Are Not Reported As Revenues in the Funds.	(17,812)
Governmental Funds Report General Obligation Note Proceeds as Current Financial Resources. In Contrast, the Statement of Activities Treats Such Issuance of Debt as a Liability.	(720,000)
Repayment of Notes Payable and Capital Lease Principal Is An Expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the Repayment Reduces Liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	408,688
Some Expenses Reported in the Statement of Activities Do Not Require the Use of Current Financial Resources and, Therefore, Are Not Reported As Expenditures in Governmental Funds.	
Compensated Absences	(20,229)
Other Benefits Do Not Require the Use of Current Financial Resources and, Therefore, Are Not Reported as Expenditures in Governmental Funds.	
Deferred Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Outflows	(1,029,495)
Net Pension Liability	3,491,683
Other Post-Employment Benefits	127,132
Deferred Pension Inflows	(2,269,139)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 594,768

## Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds - Pool Fund December 31, 2019

#### Assets

Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 39,418
Accounts Receivable	100
Total Current Assets	39,518
Noncurrent Assets	
Net Capital Assets	4,925,958
Total Assets	 4,965,476
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	
Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Derivative Instrument	 24,958
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Current Portion of General Obligation Note	150,000
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	9,949
Due to Other Funds	4,398
Total Current Liabilities	 164,347
Noncurrent Liabilities	
General Obligation Note Payable	1,719,000
Fair Value of Derivative Instrument	24,958
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 1,719,000
Total Liabilities	 1,883,347
Net Position	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	3,056,958
Unrestricted	 25,171
Total Net Position	\$ 3,082,129

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds - Pool Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

Operating Revenues	
Charges and Fees	\$ 628,585
Miscellaneous	13,015
Total Operating Revenues	641,600
Operating Expenses	
Salaries and Benefits	391,909
Depreciation	196,333
Snack Bar	64,430
Repairs and Maintenance	44,860
Utilities	39,986
Pool Supplies	30,829
Office Supplies and Expenses	20,407
Other Expenses	13,087
Uniforms	9,745
Total Operating Expenses	811,586
Operating Loss Before Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(169,986)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Expense	(46,548)
Transfers from Other Funds	359,047
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	312,499
Change in Net Position	142,513
Net Position	
Beginning of Year	2,939,616
End of Year	\$ 3,082,129

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2019

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from Customers	\$ 641,600
Payments to Suppliers	(217,575)
Payments to Employees	(390,682)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	33,343
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfers from Other Funds	 359,047
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Purchase of Capital Assets	(169,022)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(146,000)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	 (46,548)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (361,570)
Net Increase in Cash	30,820
Cash	
Beginning of Year	 8,598
End of Year	\$ 39,418
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	\$ (169,986)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Depreciation Expense	196,333
Change in Net Assets and Liabilities	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	5,769
Due to Other Funds	 1,227
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 33,343

## Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust and Custodial Funds December 31, 2019

	Pension Trust Funds	Cust	todial Funds
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 121,466 24,342,521	\$	304,781
Total Assets	24,463,987		304,781
Liabilities			
Due to Other Funds			179,183
Net Position			
Restricted for			
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	24,463,987		-
Held for Individuals, Organizations and Others			125,598
Total Net Position	\$ 24,463,987	\$	125,598

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust and Custodial Funds Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Pension Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
Additions		
Contributions		
Plan Members	\$ 198,595	\$ -
State	394,278	-
Employer	695,984	-
Total Contributions	1,288,857	
Deposits		423,029
Investment Earnings		
Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments	3,233,104	-
Dividends	817,351	-
	4,050,455	-
Less Investment Expense	(58,987)	
Total Net Investment Income	3,991,468	
Miscellaneous Revenue	2,629	
Total Additions	5,282,954	423,029
Deductions		
Benefits	1,108,409	-
Professional Fees	-	441,889
Escrow Releases	-	1,869,517
Administrative Expense		47,965
Total Deductions	1,108,409	2,359,371
Change in Net Position	4,174,545	(1,936,342)
Net Position		
Beginning of Year, as Restated	20,289,442	2,061,940
End of Year	\$ 24,463,987	\$ 125,598

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Hatfield Township was incorporated March 9, 1730, in Montgomery County, Pennsylvania. The Township is classified as a "Township of the First Class" under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, highways and streets, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general and administrative services. For financial reporting purposes, in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14, the Township includes all funds that are part of the primary financial reporting entity.

The Township's statements are prepared in compliance with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*. Significant aspects of the Statement include the following:

- A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Township's overall financial position and changes in financial position.
- Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Township's activities, including infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.).
- A focus on major funds in the fund financial statements.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Township's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: Hatfield Township

Blended Component Unit: Hatfield Township Municipal Authority

Discretely Presented

Component Units: Hatfield Industrial Development Authority

Health, Hospital, Education Authority

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### A. Reporting Entity (continued)

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB 61, requires Hatfield Township to include all component units in its annual financial statements. A component unit is defined as any legally separate entity which is controlled by and is financially accountable to the Township.

**Fire and Ambulance Services** – The Township provides some financial support to the Colmar and Hatfield Fire Companies. Since there is no fiscal dependency, financial benefit or burden relationship, these fire companies have been excluded from the reporting entity. The Township levies and collects real estate taxes designated for allocation among the fire companies. Annual appropriations totaled \$315,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Management has elected to not include the financial activities of the entities described below in the Township's financial statements. Therefore, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of each entity. A copy of each entity's financial statements can be obtained by contacting them or by contacting the Township.

#### **Blended Component Units**

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the Township Board of Commissioners, or the component unit provides services entirely to the Township. This type of component unit's funds is blended into those of the Township's by appropriate activity type to compose the primary government presentation.

The Hatfield Township Municipal Authority was created in 1985, to provide water and sewer services to portions of Hatfield Township. Based upon the fact that the Township is responsible for appointing the Hatfield Township Municipal Authority board members, and that the Authority serves only Township residents, the Authority should be a blended component unit of Hatfield Township.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above, but do not meet the criteria for blending.

The Hatfield Industrial Development Authority was created to provide tax-free financing for commercial and industrial projects. The Health, Hospital, Education Authority was created to provide funding to not-for-profit organizations that have health or education-related missions.

#### HATFIELD TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PA Notes to Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statemer December 31, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the reporting government as a whole. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges for support. Fiduciary funds are also excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses for centralized services and administrative overhead are allocated among the programs, functions, and segments using a full cost allocation approach and are presented separately to enhance comparability of direct expenses between governments that allocate direct expenses and those that do not. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Township.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net position use.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Township. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Township or if it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below.

#### **Governmental Funds**

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Revenue Funds** - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds:

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

#### **Governmental Funds** (continued)

#### **Special Revenue Funds (continued)**

Fund	Description	Major Fund?
State Highway Aid Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of state liquid fuels grant funds	No
Park and Recreation Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of park and recreation funds	No
Fire Fund	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of fire protection tax funds	No

Capital Projects Fund - Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The reporting entity includes the following capital projects funds:

Fund	Description	Major Fund?
Capital Reserve Fund	Accounts for revenues assigned for capital acquisition/improvements	No
Recycling Fund	Accounts for recycling grant funds and related expenditures	Yes
Impact Fees Fund	Accounts for impact fees collected and related expenditures	No
Pool and Open Space Fund	Accounts for contributions collected for capital purchase and construction	No
Park and Recreation Reserve Fund	Accounts for contributions collected for capital purchase and construction	No
Equipment Reserve Fund	Accounts for contributions for the purchase of equipment	No

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

### **Governmental Funds** (continued)

**Debt Service Fund** - This fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. This fund is a major fund.

### **Proprietary Funds**

**Enterprise Fund** – Enterprise funds are used to account for business-type activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the Pool Fund

#### Fiduciary Funds

Pension Trust and Agency Funds – Pension Trust Funds (which include the Police and Non-Uniform Pension Plans) and Custodial Funds (which include the Developers Escrow Funds and other agency funds) are used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The Pension Trust Funds meet the criteria to be considered component units, and are presented as required by accounting standards in the Township's Fiduciary Fund statements.

### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### **Measurement Focus**

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined on the following page.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

### **Measurement Focus (continued)**

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- 3. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after yearend. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary and fiduciary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### D. Cash Equivalents

For reporting purposes, the Township defines cash and cash equivalents as cash and investments that have a maturity value of less than three months.

#### E. Investments and Fair Value

Investments in debt and equity securities with readily determinable fair market values are recorded at fair value, as required by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are recorded in the statement of activities, statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances as revenue (governmental activities), and on the statement of changes in fiduciary net position (fiduciary funds)

#### F. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds". Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. See Note 9 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at yearend.

#### G. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at yearend and not yet received. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since management considers all accounts to be collectible. The Township is permitted to lien the resident's property if the resident does not remit payment. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include real estate taxes, earned income taxes, grants, and police fines.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as real estate tax, earned income tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund receivables consist of all revenues earned at yearend and not yet received.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### H. Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, except for infrastructure acquired before January 1, 2004, which is valued at estimated historical cost less accumulated depreciation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is shown below.

Classifications	Years	
Land Improvements	10 - 40	
Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50	
Park Equipment and Improvements	10 - 25	
Equipment	3 - 10	
Vehicles	5 - 10	
Furniture and Fixtures	10	
Infrastructure	20 - 75	
Pool	10 - 40	

### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### I. Long-Term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes payable, pension, and other post-retirement benefit liabilities, and accrued compensated absences.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### I. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

### J. Compensated Absences

Uniformed Township employees are entitled to unlimited sick leave. Additionally, uniformed employees are entitled to compensatory time off, which accrues at a rate of 1½ hours for each hour of overtime worked. Upon retirement or termination, vested compensatory time is paid at 100% of the respective employee's pay rate.

The Township is liable to employees in the amount of \$169,956 for vested compensatory time at December 31, 2019.

### **K.** Equity Classifications

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. **Invested in capital assets, net of related debt** Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. **Unrestricted net position** All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### K. Equity Classifications (continued)

### **Fund Statements**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be kept intact. The Township did not have any nonspendable fund balances at December 31, 2019.

<u>Restricted</u> – includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes by constitutional provisions, enabling legislation, or externally imposed constraints.

<u>Committed</u> – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes with constraints that are established by a formal action of the Board of Commissioners. The constraint can only be changed or removed by another formal action of the Board. The Township's fund balance policy requires passage of a Resolution or an Ordinance by the Board in order to set aside funds as Committed. The Township did not have any committed fund balances at December 31, 2019.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes amounts that are constrained by the Township's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned balances include all remaining government fund amounts, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed, and are intended for a specific purpose. The intent is expressed by the Board, or an individual to whom the Board has designated authority. The Township's fund balance policy grants this authority to the Finance Director, as well as the Board of Commissioners.

<u>Unassigned</u> – this amount is the residual classification for the General Fund, and any negative fund balances in other governmental funds. Other governmental funds cannot report any positive unassigned amounts.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, restricted fund balance is considered to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, committed amounts should be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, then unassigned amounts.

The Township has a minimum fund balance policy that requires the unassigned fund balance at the end of the year to be a minimum of 5% of the budgeted expenditures for the year.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflow of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Township has two types of this item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflow of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period, and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The Township has one type of this item that qualifies for reporting in this category in the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, the Township has one type of this item that qualifies for reporting in this category in the fund financial statements as well. Accordingly, this item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from three sources: property taxes, earned income taxes and local services taxes. The government wide statement does not report unavailable revenues.

### M. Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character Current (further classified by function)

Debt Service Capital Outlay

Proprietary Fund - By Operating and Non-Operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

#### N. Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### P. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

### **Budgetary Data**

The following procedures are used by the Township in establishing budgetary data which is reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. The Township prepares and advertises a proposed budget at least 20 days before the budget is adopted.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain comments from taxpayers regarding the proposed budget.
- 3. The budget is formally adopted by the Board members prior to December 31.
- 4. The budget is prepared and adopted using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with the basis used by the Township for financial reporting.
- 5. Amendments may be approved by the Board during the year.

### **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations**

The Township has presented budget to actual comparisons for the General, Recycling, Debt Service and Pool Funds and all other nonmajor funds. For the year ended December 31, 2019, General and Recycling Fund expenditures exceeded appropriations in various categories by \$456,408 and \$38,751, respectively. The excess expenditures in the General Fund were funded by greater than anticipated revenues. The excess expenditures in the Recycling Fund was funded by underspending in other expenditure categories. Additionally, the Pool Fund expenditures exceeded appropriations in various categories by \$214,049, mainly due to the fact that depreciation expense of approximately \$196,000 was not budgeted. These excess expenditures were funded by the available fund balance carryforward and transfers in.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Q. New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement 84 – *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and reporting purposes, and how these activities should be reported. The Township adopted this guidance effective January 1, 2019, and adjusted the presentation of these funds accordingly. As a result of this, the Township restated the net position of the custodial funds effective December 31, 2018 (see Note 20).

In March 2018, the GASB issued Statement 88 – Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct *Borrowings and Direct Placements*. The objective of this statement is to define debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements and establish additional financial statement note disclosure requirements related to debt obligations of governments, including direct borrowings and direct placements. The Township adopted this guidance effective January 1, 2019, and adjusted the presentation of these disclosures below accordingly.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash	\$ 6,698,128

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

Cash	426,247
Investments	24,342,521

Total Cash and Investments \$31,466,896

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 7,002,909
Money Market Funds	121,466
Investments	24,342,521

Total Cash and Investments \$31,466,896

December 31, 2019

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### A. Cash Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. The Township deposits are entirely insured or collateralized under a pooled asset program to secure public deposits, as required by Act 72 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. As of December 31, 2019, \$6,919,618 of the Township's bank balance of \$7,419,618 was uninsured but collateralized by securities held by the bank or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Township's name.

#### **B.** Investments

At December 31, 2019, the Township's investments consisted of the following:

T . 1		T 1
H10	1101217	Funds:
1 10	iuciai y	i unus.

Exchange-Traded Funds	\$ 4,566,554
Government Obligations	902,844
Corporate Bonds	2,767,453
Mutual Funds	16,105,670
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Total Investments \$ 24,342,521

#### **Investments Authorized by Township Code**

The Township's Code authorizes the Township to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, short-term obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies or instrumentalities, obligations of the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision, and shares of the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT) which are composed solely of the obligations noted above.

In addition to the investments authorized for governmental funds, fiduciary fund investments may also be made in corporate stocks and bonds, real estate, and other investments consistent with sound business practices and state statutes.

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. With the exception of money market funds and certificates of deposit held in the fiduciary funds, all of the Township's investments are either invested in securities which are not subject to custodial credit risk because they do not involve a transferable financial instrument or are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. The money market funds of \$121,466 are covered by Securities Investor Protection Corporation up to \$250,000.

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### **B.** Investments (continued)

### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The credit risk of a debt instrument is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations such as Moody's Investor Services (Moody's) and Standard & Poor's (S&P). The Township does not currently have a policy with regard to credit risk. As of December 31, 2019, the Township's investments were rated by Moody's as follows:

	Fair Value	Rating
Investments Government Obligations	\$ 902,844	AAA
Corporate Bonds	2,767,453	AA2 - BAA2
Total Exposed to Credit Risk	3,670,297	
Not Rated**	20,672,224	
Total Investments	\$ 24,342,521	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Not rated securities consist of fiduciary fund investments in mutual funds and exchange-traded funds.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The investment policy of the Township contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The Township did not have any individual investments that exceeded 5% of total entity investment.

### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in interest rates. The Township does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### **B.** Investments (continued)

### **Interest Rate Risk** (continued)

The Township's investments at December 31, 2019, including the following:

Remaining	 overnment	Corporate
Maturities	bligations	Bonds
1 Year or Less	\$ 189,847	\$ 281,113
2 - 5 Years	613,922	915,869
6 - 10 Years	99,075	1,570,471
Total	\$ 902,844	\$ 2,767,453

The Township's investments shown above have remaining maturity dates that range from the years 2020 to 2029. The securities with longer maturity dates are highly sensitive to interest rate risk.

### **Fair Value of Investments**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America establish a fair value hierarchy that is based on the valuation inputs used in the fair value measurements. Measurements using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities fall within Level 1 of the hierarchy; measurements using significant other observable inputs fall within Level 2; and measurements using significant unobservable inputs fall within Level 3.

Information related to the Township's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2019, is as follows:

	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Exchange-Traded Funds	\$ 4,566,554	\$ 4,566,554	\$ -	\$ -
Government Obligations	902,844	-	902,844	-
Corporate Bonds	2,767,453	2,767,453	-	-
Mutual Funds	16,105,670	16,105,670		
Total Investments	\$ 24,342,521	\$ 23,439,677	\$ 902,844	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 3. FIDUCIARY FUNDS – ESCROW FUND

The Escrow Fund is an Agency Fund in that the Township has custodial capacity of funds deposited with it on behalf of developers, other applicants and other municipalities. Escrow deposits of \$125,598 represent the net developer and other balances held at December 31, 2019.

#### 4. PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes are levied on December 31, based on the assessed value established by the Montgomery County Board of Assessments. Bills are sent out on February 1 by the Township's tax collector. Real property in the Township was originally assessed at \$1,188,405,210 for 2019. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 31. The Township receives all tax collections through its tax collector. The Township is legally permitted to levy up to 30 mills of assessed property valuation for general purposes (35 mills with court approval), and 3 mills for fire tax purposes. The Township had the following millage rates for the year ended December 31, 2019: general purposes, 3.688 mills; fire tax purposes, .620 mills; park and recreation, .220 mills; debt service, .694 mills. Additionally, during 2019, the Township received \$100,000 from real estate tax 'payment in lieu of taxes' agreements.

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/19	Additions	Diamagala	Balance 12/31/19			
	1/1/19	Additions	Disposals	12/31/19			
<b>Governmental Activities</b>							
Assets Not Being Depreciated							
Land	\$ 10,453,257	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,453,257			
Depreciable Assets							
Land Improvements	1,187,721	105,143	-	1,292,864			
Buildings and Improvements	7,551,341	109,722	-	7,661,063			
Park Equipment and Improvements	872,980	-	15,000	857,980			
Equipment	821,127	74,836	63,151	832,812			
Vehicles	2,192,106	439,807 *	230,307	2,401,606			
Furniture and Fixtures	55,187	=	=	55,187			
Infrastructure	26,186,136	791,880		26,978,016			
Total at Historical Cost	49,319,855	1,521,388	308,458	50,532,785			
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Land Improvements	458,954	31,715	-	490,669			
Buildings and Improvements	3,121,895	211,947	-	3,333,842			
Park Equipment and Improvements	554,229	18,740	15,000	557,969			
Equipment	429,624	76,731	44,928	461,427			
Vehicles	1,449,247	237,547	216,962	1,469,832			
Furniture and Fixtures	54,820	369	-	55,189			
Infrastructure	13,120,767_	626,518		13,747,285			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	19,189,536	1,203,567	276,890	20,116,213			
Total Governmental Activities							
Net Capital Assets	\$ 30,130,319	\$ 317,821	\$ 31,568	\$ 30,416,572			
* Includes street sweeper acquired through	* Includes street sweeper acquired through a capital lease for \$260,840						
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>							
Pool	\$ 7,017,952	\$ 169,022	\$ 0	\$ 7,186,974			
Less Accumulated Depreciation	2,064,683	196,333	0	2,261,016			
Total Business-Type Net							
Capital Assets	\$ 4,953,269	\$ (27,311)	\$ 0	\$ 4,925,958			

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to programs as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 128,014
Police	164,549
Highway Maintenance	837,119
Parks	67,696
Code Enforcement	6,189
	1,203,567
Business-Type Activities	
Pool	196,333
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,399,900

# 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The Township's Long-Term Obligations changed as follows during the year:

	Balance 1/1/19	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/19	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Notes					
2003 General Obligation Note -	ф. <b>31</b> 0.000	Φ.	ф. со ооо	Φ 270 000	Φ 61.000
Series A	\$ 310,000	\$ -	\$ 60,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 61,000
2003 General Obligation Note -	640.000		44=000	<b>-</b> 04 000	120000
Series B	618,000	-	117,000	501,000	120,000
2011 General Obligation Note -					
Series B	745,000		-	745,000	<del>-</del>
2019 General Obligation Note	-	720,000	-	720,000	137,000
Direct Borrowings					
County Promissory Note	221,441	-	110,526	110,915	110,915
Capital Leases					
Capital Lease Obligations – Truck	30,716	-	30,716	-	-
Capital Lease Obligations – Lights	98,703	-	11,130	87,573	11,463
Capital Lease Obligations – Truck	109,802	-	26,031	83,771	26,955
Capital Lease Obligations – Sweeper	-	260,840	53,285	207,555	48,833
Compensated Absences	149,727	20,229	-	169,956	-
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					
General Obligation Notes					
2006 General Obligation Note	1,277,000	-	145,000	1,132,000	149,000
2011 General Obligation Note -					
Series A	738,000		1,000	737,000	1,000
	\$ 4,298,389	\$ 1,001,069	\$ 554,688	\$ 4,744,770	\$ 666,166

#### 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

### A. 2003 General Obligation Note - Series A and B

On July 25, 2003, the Township issued General Obligation Notes in the amount of \$2,500,000 (Series A) and \$1,500,000 (Series B) through the Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority. The interest rate on these notes was both fixed and variable. On January 25, 2011, the Township issued the 2011 General Obligation Note, Series A and B for the purpose of refunding the variable portion of this note (see Item C) and entering into a fixed rate swap (see Note 14).

Additionally, the Township executed a fixed rate swap agreement, which fixed its interest rate for 75% of the original note proceeds (see Note 14). For the Series A portion, principal payments are due on June 25 of each year as shown below. For the Series B portion, principal payments are due on June 25 of each year, beginning in the year 2018, as shown below. These notes were issued for the purpose of constructing a new Township administration building and renovating other Township properties. These notes were issued as non-electoral debt. The Township has pledged its full faith and taxing power, and is required to include in its budget for each year the amount of debt service on the notes, which will be payable in such fiscal year.

In 2012, the Township entered into a fixed rate conversion for a portion of the 2003 Notes, Series A and B. The purpose of the conversion is to provide more level annual debt service payments. The new fixed rate for the portions of the notes that were converted is 1.60% per annum.

Additionally, in 2015, the Township entered into a fixed rate conversion for a portion of the 2003 Notes, Series A and B. The purpose of the conversion is to provide more level annual debt service payments. As a result of this conversion, \$375,000 of principal was shifted from the Series B notes to the Series A notes. The new fixed rate for the portions of the notes that were converted is 1.7315% per annum.

#### 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

### A. 2003 General Obligation Note - Series A and B (continued)

The revised debt service requirements for the 2003 General Obligation Note, Series A and B, are shown below.

Year	Principal	12/31/19 Interest Rate	Interest	Total Debt Service
		Series A		
2020	\$ 61,000	1.7315%	\$ 3,801	\$ 64,801
2021	62,000	1.7315%	2,736	64,736
2022	63,000	1.7315%	1,653	64,653
2023	64,000	1.7315%	554_	64,554
	\$ 250,000		\$ 8,744	\$ 258,744
		Series B		
2020	\$ 120,000	1.60 - 4.00%	\$ 12,540	\$ 132,540
2021	124,000	1.60 - 4.00%	9,088	133,088
2022	127,000	1.60 - 4.00%	5,520	132,520
2023	130,000	1.60 - 4.00%	1,856	131,856
	\$ 501,000		\$ 29,004	\$ 530,004

### **B.** 2006 General Obligation Note

On August 25, 2006, the Township issued a General Obligation Note in the amount of \$3,500,000 through the Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority. The interest rate on this note was both fixed and variable. On January 25, 2011, the Township issued the 2011 General Obligation Note, Series A and B for the purpose of refunding the variable portion of this note (see Item C) and entering into a fixed rate swap (see Note 14). The variable rate was based on the weekly high-grade market index comprised of seven-day, tax-exempt, variable rate demand notes, published weekly and reset each Thursday by the Bond Market Association. The maximum rate was 15% per annum.

Additionally, the Township executed a fixed rate swap agreement, which fixed its interest rate for 75% of the original note proceeds (see Note 14). The fixed rate terminates effective August 25, 2020, and unless the Township requests a new fixed fate, the note will bear interest at the variable rate. The future debt service requirements below are calculated on the assumption that the variable rate will increase to 3% within five years of the conversion date. Principal payments are due on August 25 of each year as shown below. These notes were issued for the purpose of constructing a new municipal pool complex. These notes were issued as non-electoral debt. The Township has pledged its full faith and taxing power, and is required to include in its budget for each year the amount of debt service on the notes, which will be payable in such fiscal year.

### 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

### **B.** 2006 General Obligation Note (continued)

In 2012, the Township entered into a fixed rate conversion for a portion of the 2006 Notes. The purpose of the conversion is to provide more level annual debt service payments. The new fixed rate for the portion of the note that was converted is 1.875% per annum.

The revised debt service requirements for the 2006 General Obligation Note are shown below.

Year	Principal	12/31/19 Interest Rate	Interest	Total Debt Service
2020	\$ 149,000	1.870 - 3.950%	\$ 26,985	\$ 175,985
2021	153,000	1.870 - 3.950%	21,127	174,127
2022	158,000	1.870 - 3.950%	17,645	175,645
2023	162,000	1.870 - 3.950%	14,045	176,045
2024	166,000	1.870 - 3.950%	10,347	176,347
2025 - 2026	344,000	1.870 - 3.950%	9,176	353,176
	\$ 1,132,000		\$ 99,325	\$ 1,231,325

#### C. 2011 General Obligation Note - Series A and B

On January 25, 2014, the Township issued General Obligation Notes in the amount of \$745,000 (Series A) and \$745,000 (Series B) through the Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority. The Township executed a fixed rate swap agreement (see Note 14), which fixed its interest rate for the note proceeds at 2.42% (Series A) and 3.10% (Series B). In 2017, the rate on the Series A note reset to 2.008%. Principal payments are due on January 25 of each year as shown below. These notes were issued for the purpose of refunding the variable portions of the 2003 (Series A and B) and 2006 General Obligation Bonds. These notes were issued as non-electoral debt. The Township has pledged its full faith and taxing power, and is required to include in its budget for each year the amount of debt service on the notes, which will be payable in such fiscal year.

### 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

### C. 2011 General Obligation Note - Series A and B (continued)

The debt service requirements for the 2011 General Obligation Note, Series A and B, are shown below.

Year	Principal	12/31/19 Interest Rate	Interest	Total Debt Service
		Series A		
2020	\$ 1,000	2.008%	\$ 14,789	\$ 15,789
2021	1,000	2.008%	14,769	15,769
2022	1,000	2.008%	14,749	15,749
2023	1,000	2.008%	14,728	15,728
2024	98,000	2.008%	13,735	111,735
2025 - 2029	524,000	2.008%	37,891	561,891
2030	111,000	2.008%	1,114_	112,114
	\$ 737,000		\$ 111,775	\$ 848,775
		Series B		
2020	\$ -	1.799%	\$ 13,403	\$ 13,403
2021	-	1.799%	13,403	13,403
2022	-	1.799%	13,403	13,403
2023	-	1.799%	13,403	13,403
2024	103,000	1.799%	12,476	115,476
2025 - 2029	526,000	1.799%	34,721	560,721
2030	116,000	1.799%	1,041_	117,041
	\$ 745,000		\$ 101,850	\$ 846,850

### D. 2019 General Obligation Note

On February 25, 2019, the Township issued a General Obligation Note in the amount of \$720,000 through the Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority. The Township executed a fixed rate swap agreement (see Note 14), which fixed its interest rate for the note proceeds at 2.248% per annum. Principal payments are due on February 25 of each year. This note was issued for the purpose of making capital improvements to Township facilities, and was issued as non-electoral debt. The Township has pledged its full faith and taxing power, and is required to include in its budget for each year the amount of debt service on the note, that is payable in such fiscal year.

### 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

### D. 2019 General Obligation Note (continued)

The debt service requirements for the 2019 General Obligation Note are shown below.

Year	Principal	12/31/19 Interest Rate	1	nterest	T	otal Debt Service
2020	\$ 137,000	2.2480%	\$	13,619	\$	150,619
2021	141,000	2.2480%		10,464		151,464
2022	144,000	2.2480%		7,239		151,239
2023	147,000	2.2480%		3,945		150,945
2024	151,000	2.2480%		566		151,566
	\$ 720,000		\$	35,833	\$	755,833

### **E.** County Promissory Note

In November 2015, the Township signed an interest free promissory note with Montgomery County for \$553,119 to fund the county mandated purchase of new radio equipment for the Township and its two fire companies. The fire companies' portion of the cost of the radios was \$344,381, and was recorded as a contribution. Beginning January 2016, the note is payable in five annual principal payments of \$110,526. The payment due for 2020 is \$110,915.

### F. Interest Expense

Interest expense during the year on all the above-noted long-term debt totaled \$99,278.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 7. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Township has a lease agreement for the acquisition of a truck, street sweeper and LED street lighting. The truck lease runs through 2022, the street sweeper through 2023, and the LED street lighting lease through 2026. The capitalized cost of the leased equipment is \$513,200 and accumulated depreciation is \$71,109 at December 31, 2019. At December 31, 2019, future lease payments are due as follows:

Year	Amount
2020	\$ 101,081
2021	101,081
2022	101,081
2023	71,152
2024	13,892
2025 - 2026	27,552
	415,839
Less Interest Portion	(36,940)
	\$ 378,899

#### 8. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

	General Fund	Recycling Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Restricted for: Capital Acquisition or Construction Highway Improvements Fire Protection	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 134,865 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 159,288 13,199 172,487	\$ 134,865 159,288 13,199 307,352
Assigned for: Capital Acquisition or Construction	-	-	-	853,932	853,932
Fire Protection Parks and Recreation Community Pool	-	-	-	5,015 37,354	5,015 37,354
Improvements Community Recycling Debt Service	- - -	1,285,044	808,281 808,281	60,575 - - - 956,876	$ \begin{array}{r} 60,575 \\ 1,285,044 \\ \phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$
Unassigned	4,290,696				4,290,696
Total Fund Balances	\$ 4,290,696	\$ 1,285,044	\$ 943,146	\$ 1,129,363	\$ 7,648,249

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 9. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions are as follows:

Purpose	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Due To/From			
Tax Revenues to be Distributed	Debt Service	General	\$10,962
Operating Costs Advance	General	Pool	\$3,171
Operating Costs Advance	General	Park & Recreation	\$1,311
Escrow Admin Fees	General	Escrow	\$179,183
Operating Costs Advance	Park & Recreation	Pool	\$1,227
Golf Outing Donations	Park & Recreation	General	\$1,330
Transfers			
Capital Purchases	Recycling	General	\$25,000
Capital Purchases	Capital Reserve	General	\$170,000
Capital Purchases	Equipment Reserve	Fire	\$243,000
Capital Purchases	Park & Recreation Reserve	Capital Reserve	\$175,000
Capital Purchases	Pool Reserve	Capital Reserve	\$361,000
Capital Purchases	Recycling	Pool Reserve	\$25,000
Capital Purchases	Park & Recreation Reserve	Recycling	\$150,000
Debt Service	Debt Service	Equipment Reserve	\$68,786
Debt Service	Pool	Debt Service	\$192,610

#### 10. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The Township offers substantially all its employees two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The plans permit participating employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Prior to 1997 all amounts of compensation deferred under the plans, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights were (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the Township (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject to the claims of the Township's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan were equal to those of general creditors of the Township in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

During 1997 the Township amended the plan in accordance with recent IRS amendments of IRC Section 457(g). As a result of the amendment, assets of the plan are now placed in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. IRC Section 457(g) states that the Township no longer owns the amounts deferred by employees, including the related earnings thereon. Accordingly, the assets and the corresponding liability for the compensation deferred by plan participants, including earnings, are no longer reported in the financial statements of the Township.

#### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### **Basis of Accounting**

The Plans' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions, if required, to the Plan are recognized when due, in accordance with Act 205. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

#### **Method Used to Value Investments**

Investments are reported at fair value. The Plan's assets are managed by TD Ameritrade.

#### **B.** Plan Descriptions

#### **Plan Administration**

The Township administers two single-employer defined benefit pension plans, Hatfield Township Police Pension Plan (Police Plan) and Hatfield Township Non-Uniform Employees' Pension Plan (NU Plan) established by Resolutions 92-03 and 74-16, respectively. Additionally, the Plans have been amended by various resolutions and ordinances over the years. Assets are held separately and may only be used for the payment of benefits to members of the Plans. The Plans are part of the Township's financial reporting entity and are included in the Township's financial report as pension trust funds.

The plans are governed by Hatfield Township Board of Commissioners who are responsible for the management of the assets of the plans. Management of the Police Plan is vested in the Police Pension Committee which is appointed by the Township Commissioners, and consists of five members – two Commissioners, the Township Manager, the Finance Director and a member of the police bargaining unit. Management of the NU Plan is vested in the NU Pension Committee which is appointed by the Township Commissioners, and consists of four members – two Commissioners, the Township Manager, and the Finance Director.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### **B.** Plan Descriptions (continued)

### Plan Membership

At December 31, 2019, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Police	Non- Uniform
Active Employees	27	14
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	24	14
Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits but Not Yet Receiving Them	1	7
Total	52	35

#### **Benefits Provided**

The following table provides information concerning the Township's Police Pension Plan:

Covered Employees: All full-time uniformed employees.

Normal Retirement: Age 50 and the completion of 25 years of service.

Early Retirement: After 20 years of service.

Vesting: None for the first 12 years of service; thereafter, 100%.

Retirement Benefit: The monthly pension shall be 50% of the average compensation of

the participant's last 36 months of employment, plus a service increment of \$100 per month, if officer completes 26 years or more

of benefit service.

Death Benefit: A pension shall be provided to a retired officer's spouse or to the

spouse of an officer eligible to retire, equal to 50% of the eligible

pension. If no spouse, then payable to an eligible child.

Disability Benefit

Service Related: A disability pension shall be provided to an officer with a total and

permanent service related disability equal to 50% of the officer's

monthly salary at the time of disability.

Non-Service Related: None.

Member Contributions Rate: 5% of compensation.

Interest Rate Credited

to Member Contributions: 3.5% per annum.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### **B.** Plan Descriptions (continued)

### **Benefits Provided (continued)**

The following table provides information concerning the **Township's Non-Uniform Employees' Pension Plan**:

Covered Employees: All full-time non-uniformed employees employed by the

Township prior to January 1, 2013.

Normal Retirement: Age 65 and the completion of 10 years of credited service.

Early Retirement: Age 55 with 25 years of service, or age 62 with 10 years of

service, if earlier.

Vesting: None for the first five years of service; thereafter 100%.

Retirement Benefit: The monthly pension shall be 30% of average compensation,

based on three highest consecutive years, plus 30% of average compensation in excess of \$2,083. Total benefit is reduced 1/25<sup>th</sup> for each year of service less than 25 by

retirement.

Death Benefit

Before Retirement: Beneficiary receives the present value of the accrued pension

benefit at the date of death.

After Retirement: The form of benefit payment in force for such participant at

the time death occurs.

Disability Benefit: After 6 months of disability, the actuarial equivalent of

accrued benefits is payable to those participants who become

totally and permanently disabled.

Other Benefits

Late Retirement: Normal Retirement Benefit based on the Final Monthly

Average Compensation and years of credited service as

calculated at actual retirement.

Vesting Benefit: Accrued Benefit at date of termination multiplied by the

vested percentage; payable at Normal Retirement.

Member Contributions Rate: 1.5% per annum

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### **B.** Plan Descriptions (continued)

#### **Contributions**

For the Police Plan, participating employees can be required to contribute 5% of their salary to the Plan. For the year 2019, members contributed 5% of their salary to the Plan. If a participating employee leaves covered employment of the Township, other than due to employment-connected death or disability, before 12 years of credited service, accumulated employee contributions plus related investment earnings are refunded to the employee or to a designated beneficiary.

For the NU Plan, effective January 1, 2013, participating employees are required to contribute 1.5% of their salary to the Plan. If a participating employee leaves covered employment of the Township, other than due to employment-connected death or disability, before five years of credited service, accumulated employee contributions plus related investment earnings are refunded to the employee or to a designated beneficiary.

The Township's funding policy provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates that, for individual employees, increase gradually over time so that sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. The employer's contribution rate for normal cost is determined using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Funding Method.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania provides funds (foreign casualty insurance premium taxes) to the Township, which are used in making contributions to the plans. The Township is required to contribute any remaining amounts necessary to fund the plans, using the actuarial basis specified by the state statute.

### C. Investments

#### **Investment Policy**

It is the policy of both of the Pension Committees to pursue an investment strategy that will produce a return on investment which is based on levels of investment risk that are prudent and reasonable given prevailing capital market conditions. While the committees recognize the importance of the preservation of capital, they also recognize modern portfolio theory, which maintains that varying degrees of investment risk will be rewarded with compensating returns. Consequently, prudent risk-taking is warranted and justifiable. Performance objectives include achieving a rate of return equal to or greater than the Plans' actual interest rate, achieving a real return above inflation, and maintaining a risk level within the tolerance level of the plans fiduciaries.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### C. Investments (continued)

### **Investment Policy (continued)**

The Committees' adopted asset allocation policy as of December 31, 2019, is as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic Equity	55%
Fixed Income	30%
International Equity	10%
Cash	5%
	100%

#### Concentrations

The investment policy of the Township contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The Township did not have more than 5% of entity investments in any one investment.

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Police Plan and NU Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 19.8%, and 19.5%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for changing amounts actually invested.

#### D. Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Effective January 1, 2009, members of the Hatfield Township Police Department who have not retired prior to the implementation of the DROP program, may enter into DROP on the first day of any month after satisfaction of such eligibility requirements. A member electing to participate must execute a "DROP Option Form", which shall include an irrevocable notice to the Township that the member will resign from employment on a specific date (the "resignation date"). The resignation date may not be shorter than twelve months or longer than sixty months from the execution of the DROP Option Form. The member shall cease to work as a Police Officer on the member's resignation date, unless the Township terminates or honorably discharges the member prior to the resignation date.

After the effective date of the DROP option, the member shall no longer earn or accrue additional years of continuous service for the pension purposes. Service thereafter shall not be recognized or used for the calculation or determination of any benefits payable for the Plan. The pension benefit to the members shall only increase as a result of cost of living adjustments in effect on the effective date of a member's participation in DROP or by applicable cost of living adjustment granted thereafter.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### D. Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) (continued)

The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable had the member elected to cease employment and receive a normal retirement benefit shall, upon commencing participation in DROP, be paid into the separate account established to receive the participant's monthly pension payments. Within thirty days of the participant's resignation date, the balance of the DROP account shall be paid to the member in a single lump-sum payment or at the member's option, in any fashion permitted by law.

If a member becomes temporarily disabled during his participation in DROP, any such time lost to disability shall be counted towards the member's resignation date. Upon return to duty, membership in DROP shall continue with the remaining time left. If eligible, the member shall receive disability pay in the same amount as disabled officers who are not participating in DROP. Members on temporary disability are not able to draw from their DROP accounts. If a disabled member has not returned to work as of the date of his required resignation, then such resignation shall take precedence over all over provisions and the member will be required to resign.

If a DROP member dies before the DROP account balances are paid, the member's legal beneficiary shall have the same rights as the member to withdraw the account balance.

As of December 31, 2019, there was one participant in the DROP program.

#### E. Net Pension Liability of the Township

The components of the net pension liabilities of the Township at December 31, 2019, were as follows:

	Police	Non-Uniform
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 21,204,919 (20,069,733)	\$ 4,204,860 (4,206,813)
Township's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,135,186	\$ (1,953)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	94.65%	100.05%

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for both plans was determined by rolling forward the liabilities from an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all period included in the measurement.

	Per Year
Salary Increases	5%
Investment Rate of Return	8%
Inflation	3%

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### E. Net Pension Liability of the Township (continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions (continued)**

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Table for Males or Females. No pre-retirement mortality is assumed.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the two year period ended January 1, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
	Rate of Return,
Asset Class	Per Year
Domestic Equity	5.50 - 7.50%
Fixed Income	1.00 - 3.00%
International Equity	4.50 - 6.50%
Cash	0.0 - 1.00%

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0 percent. The pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# December 31, 2019

# 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

# E. Net Pension Liability of the Township (continued)

# **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

Changes in the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2019, are as follows:

	I	Police Pension ncrease (Decrease	)
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 20,777,391	\$ 16,577,246	\$ 4,200,145
Changes for the Year			
Service Cost	452,115	-	452,115
Interest	1,602,435	-	1,602,435
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	(776,306)	-	(776,306)
Changes in Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions – Employer	-	912,661	(912,661)
Contributions – Employee	-	159,800	(159,800)
Net Investment Income	(050 516)	3,270,742	(3,270,742)
Benefit Payments	(850,716)	(850,716)	=
Administrative Expense	=	-	=
Other Changes	427.520	2 402 407	(2.0(4.050)
Net Changes	427,528	3,492,487	(3,064,959)
Balances At December 31, 2019	\$ 21,204,919	\$ 20,069,733	\$ 1,135,186
		on-Uniform Pensio	
		ncrease (Decrease	Net Pension
	Total Pension	Dlan Eiduaiams	
		Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Liability
	Liability (a)	(b)	(Asset) (a) - (b)
	(a)	(0)	(a) - (b)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 3,977,638	\$ 3,552,867	\$ 424,771
Changes for the Year	120.004		120 004
Service Cost	129,884	-	129,884
Interest	318,192	-	318,192
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	(39,388)	120 027	(39,388)
Contributions – Employer Contributions – Employee	-	138,837	(138,837)
Net Investment Income	-	16,125	(16,125)
Benefit Payments	(181,466)	691,622 (181,466)	(691,622)
Administrative Expense	(101,400)	(11,172)	11,172
Net Changes			
	227 222		
Balances At December 31, 2019	227,222 \$ 4,204,860	653,946 \$ 4,206,813	(426,724) \$ (1,953)

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### E. Net Pension Liability of the Township (continued)

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liabilities of the Township, calculated using the discount rate of 8.0 percent, as well as what the Township's net pension liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.0 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease (7.0%)	Discount Rate (8.0%)	1% Increase (9.0%)
Net Police Pension Liability (Asset)	\$3,538,497	\$1,135,186	\$(896,199)
Net Non-Uniform Pension Liability (Asset)	\$469,909	\$(1,953)	\$(405,705)

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Township recognized pension expense of \$533,611 in the Police Plan. At December 31, 2019, the Township reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Police Pension Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	\$ - -	\$ (784,528)
	1,684,821	_(2,044,441)
	\$ 1,684,821	\$ (2,828,969)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2020	\$ (192,031)
2021	(240,111)
2022	7,833
2023	(498,038)
2024	(110,901)
2025	(110,900)
	\$(1,144,148)

### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### E. Net Pension Liability of the Township (continued)

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Township recognized pension expense of \$151,875 in the Non-Uniform Plan. At December 31, 2019, the Township reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Non-Uniform Pension Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings	\$ -	\$ (136,911)
on Pension Plan Investments	374,453	(437,887)
	\$ 374,453	\$ (574,798)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount	
2020	\$ (60,880)	
2021	(69,586)	
2022	19,777	
2023	(89,656)	
	\$ (200,345)	

#### 12. MONEY PURCHASE PENSION PLAN

The Township offers a pension plan to its full time, non-uniformed employees hired after December 31, 2012. Under this plan, participants are required to contribute 1.5% of their compensation each year. The Township is required to contribute from 3% to 8% of the participant's compensation, depending on their years of service. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The amount contributed by the Township for the year ended December 31, 2019, was \$61,432.

The assets of the plan are placed in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The Township is not the owner of the amounts deferred by employees, including the related income on those amounts. Accordingly, no financial activity for this plan is included in the Township's financial statements.

#### 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. Police

### Voluntary Employees Beneficiary Association (VEBA)

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 11, the Township provides post-employment health care benefits through a defined contribution plan, in accordance with the retiree medical plan, to all uniformed employees who retire from the Township in accordance to the criteria listed in Note 11.

The Township makes yearly contributions to a medical reimbursement account established on behalf of each eligible employee, based on years of service as of the effective date of the plan. As required by the union contract, there was no contribution required for the year ended December 31, 2019. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

Under the terms of the plan, eligible retirees shall be entitled to receive reimbursement for eligible medical expenses up to the amount maintained in their medical reimbursement account maintained for the respective retiree. Eligible medical expenses are any medical expenses that would be eligible for deduction on a federal individual income tax return, without regard to any limitations imposed based on the adjusted gross income of an eligible retiree.

The plan became effective January 1, 2004. Currently, there are nine retirees receiving benefits and no uniformed employees have received contributions in their medical reimbursement account for 2019.

#### Post-Retirement Health Benefits

#### **Benefits Provided**

The Township provides post-retirement health benefits for Police Officers. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

For police officers who voluntarily separate their employment with the Township after reaching their superannuation retirement date, the Township will fully pay fifty percent (50%) of the premium coverage of the Officer and qualified spouse, in the health insurance plan then being offered to active full-time police officers until such time that he/she reaches Medicare eligibility or the occurrence of some other disqualifying event, as outlined in the police contract. The remaining 50% of the premium obligation attributable to continued participation shall be the sole responsibility of the Officer. The Township will pay the continued coverage and bill the retiree for 50% of the cost. Only officers who have retired after January 1, 2009, after completing 25 years of continuous service, and who have reached 50 years of age are eligible.

### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### A. Police (continued)

Post-Retirement Health Benefits (continued)

### **Employees Covered by the Plan**

The following eligible Police employees and retirees were covered by the plan:

Active Employees	27
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	2
Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits but	
Not Yet Receiving Them	0
Total	29

#### **Contributions**

The Township has not advance-funded or established a funding methodology for the annual Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) costs.

#### **Method Used to Value Investments**

The Township does not have a GASB qualified Trust, and therefore, there are no investments.

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

Since there are no invested assets, there is no long-term expected rate of return.

### **Net OPEB Liability**

An actuarial valuation of the total OPEB liability is performed biannually. The total OEPB liability as of December 31, 2019 was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at January 1, 2019. Update procedures were used to roll forward to the municipality's fiscal year ending December 31, 2019. This report was based upon the Plan's actuarial assumptions, asset valuation method and cost method as described below:

Actuarial Assumptions:

Valuation Method Discount Rate Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Entry Age Normal 3.64% 5.0% per year n/a

Medical costs assumed to increase by 5.5% in 2019 through 2021, then reduced from 5.4% in 2022 to 3.8% in 2075 RP2000 Table

Mortality Rates

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.64%, and is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Rate Index at January 1, 2019.

### 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### A. Police (continued)

Post-Retirement Health Benefits (continued)

### **Net OPEB Liability Sensitivity – Discount Rate**

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.64% as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.64%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.64%) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease (4.64%)	Discount Rate (3.64%)	1% Increase (2.64%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$875,995	\$949,212	\$1,028,999

### Net OPEB Liability Sensitivity - Healthcare Trend

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare trend rate. The table below presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the current trend rate as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1 percent higher or 1 percent higher than expected.

	Current		
	1% Decrease (4.64%)	Discount Rate (3.64%)	1% Increase (2.64%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$1,058,474	\$949,212	\$853,915

#### 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### A. Police (continued)

Post-Retirement Health Benefits (continued)

### **Changes in the Net OPEB Liability**

Changes in the net OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2019, are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Plan Fiduciary		Net OPEB
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 1,076,344	\$ -	\$ 1,076,344
Changes for the Year			
Service Cost	45,778	-	45,778
Interest	34,978	-	34,978
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	(142,335)	-	(142,335)
Changes in Assumptions	(37,450)	-	(37,450)
Contributions – Employer	-	-	-
Contributions - Employee	-	-	-
Net Investment Income	-	-	-
Benefit Payments	(28,103)	-	(28,103)
Administrative Expense	-	-	-
Other Changes	-	-	-
Net Changes	(127,132)		(127,132)
Balances At December 31, 2019	\$ 949,212	\$ -	\$ 949,212
•	· .		

### **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB**

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Township recognized OPEB expense of \$69,344. At December 31, 2019, the Township reported deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions Benefit Payments Subsequent to the Measurement Date	\$ - 32,127 23,513	\$ (130,474) (34,329)
	\$ 55,640	\$ (164,803)

#### HATFIELD TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PA Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. Police (continued)

Post-Retirement Health Benefits (continued)

#### **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB (continued)**

The \$23,513 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB plan resulting from Township contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2020	\$ (11,412)
2021	(11,412)
2022	(11,412)
2023	(11,412)
2024	(11,412)
Thereafter	(75,615)
	\$ (132,676)

#### B. Non-Uniform

Effective January 1, 2007, the Township adopted a retirement health savings plan for non-uniformed employees. In 2019, the Township contributed 1.5% of the salary of full-time, non-uniformed employees, or \$56,510. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

Under the terms of the plan, eligible retirees shall be entitled to receive reimbursement for eligible medical expenses up to the amount maintained in their medical reimbursement account maintained for the respective retiree. Eligible medical expenses are any medical expenses that would be eligible for deduction on an individual income tax return, without regard to any limitations imposed based on the adjusted gross income of an eligible retiree.

Currently, there are nine retirees receiving benefits and 20 non-uniformed employees are receiving contributions.

#### HATFIELD TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PA Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 14. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

#### A. 2003 General Obligation Note, Series A and B

As described in Note 6, Item A, the Township entered into a fixed rate swap agreement. The agreement applies to the total amount of the notes outstanding. The purpose of this agreement is to hedge the risk of change in the interest rates and to assist the Township in stabilizing the cash flow requirements needed to service the outstanding amounts (also defined as the "notional amount"). The interest rate swap agreement began in 2009 and ends on the date concurrent with the final payment of the loan.

Under the interest rate swap agreement, the Township is required to make monthly interest payments at the following fixed interest rates over the remaining term of the loan.

		Interest			
Note	Principal	Rate			
Series A					
2003, Note c	\$ 250,000	1.7315%			
	Series B				
2003, Note a	\$ 259,000	4.000%			
2003, Note b	242,000	1.600%			
Total	\$ 501,000				

With the execution of the fixed rate swap agreement and in accordance with GASB No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments", the Township accounts for the interest rate swap as a hedging derivative. The swap agreement has been determined to be effectively hedged under both the consistent critical terms and quantitative methods standards of GASB 53. As such, the change in fair value of the swap agreement has been reflected as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The market value of the interest rate swap in favor of the bank as of December 31, 2019, was \$14,162 and is recorded in the governmental funds in the statement of net position.

#### **B.** 2006 General Obligation Note

As described in Note 6, Item B, the Township entered into a fixed rate swap agreement. The agreement applies to the total amount of the notes outstanding. The purpose of this agreement is to hedge the risk of change in the interest rates and to assist the Township in stabilizing the cash flow requirements needed to service the outstanding amounts (also defined as the "notional amount"). The interest rate swap agreement began in 2009 and ends on the date concurrent with the final payment of the loan.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 14. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES (continued)

#### **B.** 2006 General Obligation Note (continued)

Under the interest rate swap agreement, the Township is required to make monthly interest payments at the following fixed interest rates over the remaining term of the loan.

Note	Principal	Interest Rate
2006, Note a 2006, Note b 2006, Note c	\$ 392,000 364,000 376,000	3.950% 1.875% 1.870%
Total	\$ 1,132,000	

With the execution of the fixed rate swap agreement and in accordance with GASB No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments", the Township accounts for the interest rate swap as a hedging derivative. The swap agreement has been determined to be effectively hedged under both the consistent critical terms and quantitative methods standards of GASB 53. As such, the change in fair value of the swap agreement has been reflected as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The market value of the interest rate swap in favor of the bank as of December 31, 2019, was \$12,696 and is recorded as a business-type activity in the statement of net position.

#### C. 2011 General Obligation Note, Series A and B

As described in Note 6, Item C, the Township entered into another fixed rate swap agreement. The agreement applies to the total amount of the notes outstanding. The purpose of this agreement is to hedge the risk of change in the interest rates and to assist the Township in stabilizing the cash flow requirements needed. This interest rate swap agreement began in 2011 and ends on the date concurrent with the final payment of the loan.

Under the interest rate swap agreement, the Township is required to make monthly interest payments at the following fixed interest rates over the remaining term of the loan.

Note	Principal	Interest Rate
2011, Series A 2011, Series B	\$ 737,000 745,000	2.008% 1.799%
Total	\$ 1,482,000	

#### HATFIELD TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PA Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

#### 14. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES (continued)

#### C. 2011 General Obligation Note, Series A and B (continued)

With the execution of the fixed rate swap agreement and in accordance with GASB No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments", the Township accounts for the interest rate swap as a hedging derivative. The swap agreement has been determined to be effectively hedged under both the consistent critical terms and quantitative methods standards of GASB 53. As such, the change in fair value of the swap agreement has been reflected as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position. For Series A, the market value of the interest rate swap in favor of the bank as of December 31, 2019, was \$12,262 and is recorded in the business-type activity in the statement of net position. For Series B, the market value of the interest rate swap in favor of the bank as of December 31, 2019, was \$5,019 and is recorded in the governmental funds in the statement of net position.

#### D. 2019 General Obligation Note

As described in Note 6, Item D, the Township entered into another fixed rate swap agreement. The agreement applies to the total amount of the notes outstanding. The purpose of this agreement is to hedge the risk of change in the interest rates and to assist the Township in stabilizing the cash flow requirements needed. This interest rate swap agreement began in 2019 and ends on the date concurrent with the final payment of the loan.

Under the interest rate swap agreement, the Township is required to make monthly interest payments at the following fixed interest rates over the remaining term of the loan. The nominal amount on this swap is \$720,000, and the interest rate is 2.248%.

With the execution of the fixed rate swap agreement and in accordance with GASB No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments", the Township accounts for the interest rate swap as a hedging derivative. The swap agreement has been determined to be effectively hedged under both the consistent critical terms and quantitative methods standards of GASB 53. As such, the change in fair value of the swap agreement has been reflected as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The market value of the interest rate swap in favor of the bank as of December 31, 2019, was \$11,224 and is recorded as a business-type activity in the statement of net position.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 14. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES (continued)

#### **E.** Derivative Instrument Activity (continued)

	Government-Type Activity							
	2011 GON 2003 GON Series B		2019 GON		·	Total		
Fair Value of Derivative Instrument on December 31, 2018	\$	(7,726)	\$	(3,494)	\$	-	\$	(11,220)
Change in Fair Value		(6,436)		(1,525)		(11,224)		(19,185)
Fair Value of Derivative Instrument on December 31, 2019	_\$_	(14,162)	\$_	(5,019)		(11,224)	\$_	(30,405)
				Busi	iness	-Type Act	ivity	7
			2011 GON 2006 GON Series A Total			Total		
Fair Value of Derivative Instrument on December 31, 2018			\$	(916)	\$	19,831	\$	18,915
Change in Fair Value				(11,780)		(32,093)		(43,873)
Fair Value of Derivative Instrument on December 31, 2019			\$	(12,696)		(12,262)	\$	(24,958)

#### F. Risks

#### **Credit Risk**

At December 31, 2019, has exposure to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's negative fair value.

#### **Termination Risk**

The Township or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If terminated, the variable-rate bonds' interest rate risk would no longer be effectively hedged. In addition, if at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value (ex: in a liability position), the Township would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value or liability amount, subject to any netting arrangements related to other derivatives.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various kinds of loss related to limited torts; theft of, and damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Township carries commercial insurance.

#### a. Health Care Coverage

The Township participates in the Delaware Valley Health Trust (DVHT). DVHT is a regional risk sharing pool providing health insurance benefits to employees and dependents of participating municipalities.

#### b. Workers' Compensation Coverage

The Township participates in the Delaware Valley Workers' Compensation Trust (DVWCT). DVWCT is a regional risk sharing pool providing workers' compensation benefits to employees.

#### c. Insurance Coverage

The Township participates in the Delaware Valley Insurance Trust (DVIT). DVIT is a regional risk sharing pool that provides commercial, liability and bonding coverage for the Township.

Management believes the above coverages are sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Township. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

#### 16. CONTINGENCIES

The Township is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. While the outcome of the above-noted proceedings cannot be predicted due to the insurance coverage maintained by the Township, management feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial condition of the Township.

#### 17. COMMITMENTS

#### **Fire Company Contribution**

In November 2016, the Commissioners approved a resolution to contribute a total of \$1,500,000 to the Colmar Volunteer Fire Company, to be used for the design, permitting and construction of a new fire station. This contribution is to be paid in annual increments of \$100,000 over 15 years. Payment of these funds is contingent upon the review and approval of the project design, management and construction. No contribution has been made through December 31, 2019, as the project is not yet in the building phase.

#### HATFIELD TOWNSHIP MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PA Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

#### 17. COMMITMENTS (continued)

#### Grants

In October 2018, the Township was awarded a grant from the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation for \$1.9 million. The Multimodal Transportation Fund Grant funding is for the improvement of an intersection in the Township. Management expects to start and complete the project in 2020.

In 2019, the Township was awarded a Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Grant from the Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission for \$900,000. The grant is for the Cowpath and Orvilla Roads project. Management expects to start and complete the project in 2020.

#### 18. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT ISSUED, NOT YET EFFECTIVE

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87 – *Leases*. This Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under the Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Management has not yet determined the effect this update will have on the Township's financial statements.

#### 19. RESTATEMENT

As a result of adopting GASB 84 – *Fiduciary Activities*, the Township's custodial funds are required to present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position, and report balances held for others as net position, rather than as a liability. Therefore, the escrow liability of \$2,061,940 has been restated as net position as of December 31, 2018.

#### **20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 17, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued and determined the following needs to be disclosed.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared that the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) constitutes a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern". This outbreak has led to a severe economic downturn worldwide. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on our operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on our taxpayers, employees, and vendors all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. As of June 17, 2020, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact our financial condition or results of operations is uncertain.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Schedule of Changes in the Township's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Police Pension Plan December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

	Measurement Date as of December 31,					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<b>Total Pension Liability</b>						
Service Cost	\$ 452,115	\$ 432,878	\$ 412,265	\$ 410,113	\$ 390,584	\$ 398,771
Interest	1,602,435	1,559,612	1,483,486	1,418,806	1,298,471	1,274,712
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(776,306)	-	(238,247)	=	(182,493)	=
Changes of Assumptions	=	-	=	=	(211,282)	=
Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Member						
Contributions)	(850,716)	(882,112)	(811,059)	(719,463)	(521,103)	(706,184)
<b>Net Change in Total Pension Liability</b>	427,528	1,110,378	846,445	1,109,456	774,177	967,299
Total Pension Liability						
Beginning of Year	20,777,391	19,667,013	18,820,568	17,711,112_	16,936,935_	15,969,636
End of Year	\$ 21,204,919	\$ 20,777,391	\$ 19,667,013	\$ 18,820,568	\$ 17,711,112	\$ 16,936,935
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions						
Employer	\$ 912,661	\$ 697,356	\$ 688,248	\$ 716,459	\$ 848,887	\$ 751,765
Member	159,800	151,013	140,027	138,147	137,150	111,177
Net Investment Income (Loss)	3,270,742	(1,296,384)	2,474,531	915,903	(83,513)	934,122
Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Member						
Contributions)	(850,716)	(882,112)	(811,059)	(719,463	(521,103)	(706,184)
Administrative Expense		(7,000)	(7,900)	(13,136)	(12,100)	(4,476)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	3,492,487	(1,337,127)	2,483,847	1,037,910	369,321	1,086,404
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Beginning of Year	16,577,246	17,914,373	15,430,526	14,392,616	14,023,295	12,936,891
End of Year	\$ 20,069,733	\$ 16,577,246	\$ 17,914,373	\$ 15,430,526	\$ 14,392,616	\$ 14,023,295

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Township's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police Pension Plan December 31, 2019

(Unaudited)

	Measurement Date as of December 31,					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
(Continued)						
<b>Township's Ending Net Pension Liability</b>	\$ 1,135,186	\$ 4,200,145	\$ 1,752,640	\$ 3,390,042	\$ 3,318,496	\$ 2,913,640
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	94.6%	79.8%	91.1%	82.0%	81.3%	82.8%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 3,132,700	\$ 3,047,202	\$ 2,733,106	\$ 2,691,509	\$ 2,788,396	\$ 2,573,944
Township's Net Pension Liability As a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	36.2%	137.8%	64.1%	126.0%	119.0%	113.2%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a 10-year trend is complete, available information is presented.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Schedule of Changes in the Township's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

#### Non-Uniform Pension Plan December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

	Measurement Date as of December 31,					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<b>Total Pension Liability</b>						
Service Cost	\$ 129,884	\$ 154,040	\$ 146,705	\$ 160,694	\$ 153,042	\$ 178,192
Interest	318,192	301,476	280,035	263,688	240,439	236,776
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(39,388)	-	(74,883)	-	(237,871)	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-	-	_	-
Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Member						
Contributions)	(181,466)	(184,572)	(147,561)	(114,776)	(106,264)	(106,056)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		270,944	204,296	309,606	49,346	308,912
<b>Total Pension Liability</b>						
Beginning of Year	3,977,638	3,706,694	3,502,398	3,192,792	3,143,446	2,834,534
End of Year	\$ 4,204,860	\$ 3,977,638	\$ 3,706,694	\$ 3,502,398	\$ 3,192,792	\$ 3,143,446
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions						
Employer	\$ 138,837	\$ 137,577	\$ 139,820	\$ 149,159	\$ 180,543	\$ 159,538
Member	16,125	16,003	17,067	17,926	18,026	11,301
Net Investment Income (Loss)	691,622	(299,926)	544,557	205,918	(16,042)	202,793
Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Member						
Contributions)	(181,466)	(184,572)	(147,561)	(114,776)	(106,264)	(106,056)
Administrative Expense	(11,172)	(4,600)	(12,625)	(6,784)	(11,600)	(1,119)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	653,946	(335,518)	541,258	251,443	64,663	266,457
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Beginning of Year	3,552,867	3,888,385	3,347,127	3,095,684	3,031,021	2,764,564
End of Year	\$ 4,206,813	\$ 3,552,867	\$ 3,888,385	\$ 3,347,127	\$ 3,095,684	\$ 3,031,021

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Township's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Non-Uniform Pension Plan December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

	Measurement Date as of December 31,					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
(Continued)						
Township's Ending Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (1,953)	\$ 424,771	\$ (181,691)	\$ 155,271	\$ 97,108	\$ 112,425
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	100.0%	89.3%	104.9%	95.6%	97.0%	96.4%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,076,308	\$ 1,027,797	\$ 1,055,400	\$ 1,197,116	\$ 1,207,105	\$ 1,177,324
Township's Net Pension Liability As a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	(0.2%)	41.3%	(17.2)%	13.0%	8.0%	9.5%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a 10-year trend is complete, available information is presented.

#### **Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Township Contributions Police Pension Plan December 31, 2019** (Unaudited)

Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions from Employer	Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Payroll
2010	\$351,857	\$351,857	\$0		
2011	\$466,638	\$466,638	\$0		
2012	\$447,277	\$447,277	\$0		
2013	\$750,479	\$750,479	\$0		
2014	\$751,765	\$751,765	\$0	\$2,573,944	29.21%
2015	\$848,887	\$848,887	\$0	\$2,788,396	30.44%
2016	\$716,459	\$716,459	\$0	\$2,691,509	26.62%
2017	\$688,248	\$688,248	\$0	\$2,733,106	25.18%
2018	\$697,346	\$697,356	\$(10)	\$3,047,202	22.89%
2019	\$912,661	\$912,661	\$0	\$3,132,700	29.13%

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

#### Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two to four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

January 1, 2017

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Inflation Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Retirement Age

Entry Age Normal Level Dollar Closed 8 years Market Value of Assets 3.0% 5.0% per year 8.0%

Assumption is that all members enter the DROP upon meeting the eligibility requirements for normal retirement. DROP participation assumed to be 36 months.

RP2000 Table

Mortality

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Township Contributions Non-Uniform Pension Plan December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions from Employer	Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Payroll
2010	\$136,245	\$136,245	\$0		
2011	\$155,870	\$155,870	\$0		
2012	\$166,737	\$166,737	\$0		
2013	\$192,600	\$192,600	\$0		
2014	\$159,538	\$159,538	\$0	\$1,177,324	13.55%
2015	\$167,496	\$180,543	\$(13,047)	\$1,207,105	13.88%
2016	\$136,331	\$149,159	\$(12,828)	\$1,197,116	12.46%
2017	\$139,820	\$139,820	\$0	\$1,055,400	13.25%
2018	\$137,577	\$137,577	\$0	\$1,027,797	13.39%
2019	\$138,837	\$138,837	\$0	\$1,076,308	12.90%

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

#### Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two to four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

January 1, 2017

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Inflation Salary Increases Investment Rate of return Retirement Age Mortality Entry Age Normal Level Dollar Closed 13 years Market Value of Assets 3.0% 5.0% per year 8.0% Normal Retirement Age RP2000 Table

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

	Police	Non-Uniform
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense		
2019	19.8%	19.5%
2018	(6.6)%	(6.8)%
2017	16.25%	16.11%
2016	6.76%	6.93%
2015	(0.43)%	(0.32)%
2014	7.16%	7.28%

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Township's OPEB Liability and Related Ratios December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	45,778	\$	40,102
Interest		34,978		37,491
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(142,335)		-
Changes of Assumptions		(37,450)		39,267
Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Member				
Contributions)		(28,103)		(23,896)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(127,132)		92,964
Total OPEB Liability				
Beginning of Year		1,076,344		983,380
End of Year	\$	949,212	\$ 1	,076,344
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ .	3,047,202	\$ 2	2,934,048
Township's Total OPEB Liability As a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	3	31.15%	3	66.68%

Assumption Changes - The discount rate changed from 3.16 to 3.64%. The trend assumption was updated.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a 10-year trend is complete, available information is presented.

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

#### Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 7,551,100	\$ 7,945,378	\$ 394,278
Intergovernmental	522,000	557,173	35,173
Charges for Services	1,556,780	1,625,447	68,667
Fines, Licenses and Permits	515,020	459,863	(55,157)
Interest Income and Rents	50,000	74,217	24,217
Miscellaneous Revenues	204,400	125,110	(79,290)
Total Revenues	10,399,300	10,787,188	387,888
Expenditures			
General Government	1,199,902	1,157,311	42,591
Public Safety	4,234,436	4,599,300	(364,864)
Public Works	1,298,829	1,353,715	(54,886)
Debt Service - Principal	· · · · · · -	11,130	(11,130)
Debt Service - Interest	-	2,762	(2,762)
Capital Expenditures	380,000	402,766	(22,766)
Insurance and Employee Benefits	3,259,133	3,238,981	20,152
Miscellaneous Governmental	27,000	20,024	6,976
Total Expenditures	10,399,300	10,785,989	(386,689)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	1,199	1,199
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Operating Transfers In (Out)	(295,000)	(195,000)	100,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(295,000)	(193,801)	101,199
Fund Balances			
Beginning of Year		4,484,497	4,484,497
End of Year	\$ (295,000)	\$ 4,290,696	\$ 4,585,696

#### Notes to Schedules of Budget to Actual Comparisons December 31, 2019

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Township has prepared the Schedule of Budget to Actual Comparisons using the same format as the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

The Township did not amend its 2019 budget as originally adopted and, therefore, is presenting its original and final budget in one column for each fund presented.

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Recycling Fund

#### Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,935,000	\$ 37,741	\$ (1,897,259)
Interest Income and Rents	500	-	(500)
Miscellaneous Revenues	292,255	536,571	244,316
Total Revenues	2,227,755	574,312	(1,653,443)
Expenditures			
Public Works	65,000	73,451	(8,451)
Parks and Recreation	6,000	36,300	(30,300)
Capital Expenditures	1,900,000	150,535	1,749,465
Total Expenditures	1,971,000	260,286	1,710,714
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	256,755	314,026	57,271
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Operating Transfers In (Out)	(125,000)	(100,000)	25,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	131,755	214,026	82,271
Fund Balances			
Beginning of Year	1,003,071	1,071,018	67,947
End of Year	\$ 1,134,826	\$ 1,285,044	\$ 150,218

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original B	udget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Operating Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 620	),719 \$	638,262	\$	17,543	
Intergovernmental	29	9,500	29,469		(31)	
Total Revenues	650	0,219	667,731		17,512	
Expenditures						
Debt Service - Principal	567	7,526	287,526		280,000	
Debt Service - Interest	90	0,320	52,730		37,590	
Total Expenditures	657	7,846	340,256		317,590	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(	7,627)	327,475		335,102	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers In (Out)	68	3,786	(123,824)		(192,610)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	63	1,159	203,651		142,492	
Fund Balances						
Beginning of Year	675	5,601	739,495		63,894	
End of Year	\$ 736	5,760 \$	943,146	\$	206,386	

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Pool Fund

#### Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original Budget			Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Operating Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	630,500	\$	628,585	\$	(1,915)	
Miscellaneous		3,000		13,015		10,015	
Total Operating Revenues		633,500		641,600		8,100	
Operating Expenses							
Salaries and Benefits		374,400		391,909		(17,509)	
Depreciation		-		196,333		(196,333)	
Snack Bar		67,000		64,430		2,570	
Repairs and Maintenance		47,700		44,860		2,840	
Utilities		51,500		39,986		11,514	
Pool Supplies		32,200		30,829		1,371	
Office Supplies and Expenses		20,200		20,407		(207)	
Other Expenses		18,600		13,087		5,513	
Uniforms		10,000		9,745		255	
Total Operating Expenses		621,600		811,586		(189,986)	
Operating Income (Loss) Before							
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		11,900		(169,986)		(181,886)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Interest Expense		_		(46,548)		(46,548)	
Transfers (to) from Other Funds		(35,000)		359,047		394,047	
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		(35,000)		312,499		347,499	
Change in Net Position		(23,100)		142,513		165,613	
Fund Balances							
Beginning of Year				2,939,616		2,939,616	
End of Year	\$	(23,100)	\$	3,082,129	\$	3,105,229	

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

	Fire Fund	Park and Recreation Fund	State Highway Aid Fund	
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable Due from (to) Other Funds	\$ 13,524 11,897	\$ 26,565 18,031 1,246	\$ 159,288 -	
Total Assets	\$ 25,421	\$ 45,842	\$ 159,288	
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ -	\$ 2,655	\$ -	
Accrued Wages and Payroll Taxes Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	3,276 5,931		
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred Tax Receipts	7,207	2,557		
Fund Balances				
Restricted	13,199	-	159,288	
Assigned	5,015	37,354		
Total Fund Balances	18,214	37,354	159,288	
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$ 25,421	\$ 45,842	\$ 159,288	

Сарі	ital Reserve Fund	and Open	R	Park and ecreation serve Fund	quipment serve Fund	-	pact Fees Fund	al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	86,430 - - 86,430	\$ 60,575	\$ \$	249,959 - - 249,959	\$ 510,571	\$	6,972 - - - 6,972	\$ 1,113,884 29,928 1,246 1,145,058
\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$		\$ 	\$	- - -	\$ 2,655 3,276 5,931
	<u>-</u>	 		<u>-</u>				9,764 172,487
\$	86,430 86,430 86,430	\$ 60,575 60,575 60,575	\$	249,959 249,959 249,959	\$ 510,571 510,571 510,571	\$	6,972 6,972 6,972	\$ 956,876 1,129,363 1,145,058

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2019

	F	ire Fund	Park and reation Fund	State Highway Aid Fund		
Revenues	'	_	_			
Taxes	\$	570,978	\$ 202,398	\$	-	
Intergovernmental		-	-		546,285	
Charges for Services		-	147,644		-	
Interest Income and Rents		-	5,935		2,503	
Miscellaneous Revenues		-	24,459		-	
Total Revenues		570,978	380,436		548,788	
Expenditures						
Public Safety		315,000	-		-	
Public Works		-	-		248,476	
Parks and Recreation		-	376,197		-	
Debt Service - Principal		-	-		110,032	
Debt Service - Interest		-	-		8,746	
Capital Expenditures		-	 		183,289	
Total Expenditures		315,000	 376,197		550,543	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		255,978	 4,239		(1,755)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from Issuance of Long-Term Note		-	-		-	
Debt Issuance Costs		-	-		-	
Operating Transfers In (Out)		(243,000)	 		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(243,000)				
Net Change in Fund Balances		12,978	4,239		(1,755)	
Fund Balances						
Beginning of Year		5,236	33,115		161,043	
End of Year	\$	18,214	\$ 37,354	\$	159,288	

Capi	ital Reserve Pool and Open Fund Space Fund		=		quipment erve Fund	Impact Fees Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	773,376
	-		-		-	-		-		546,285
	-		-		-	-		-		147,644
	-		-		-	-		-		8,438
	46,947				89,275	 		33,378		194,059
	46,947				89,275	 -		33,378		1,669,802
	5,730		-		-	125,623		-		446,353
	-		-		-	-		-		248,476
	-	1	11,692		62,585	-		-		550,474
	-		-		-	-		-		110,032
	- 221 702		-		-	-		- 00 740		8,746
	331,702	1:	11,692		99,507	 125 (22		92,749		707,247
	337,432	1.	11,092		162,092	 125,623		92,749		2,071,328
	(290,485)	(1	11,692)		(72,817)	 (125,623)		(59,371)		(401,526)
	720,000		-		-	-		-		720,000
	(3,600)		-		-	-		-		(3,600)
	(366,000)		59,563		325,000	174,214		_		59,777
	350,400	10	59,563		325,000	 174,214				776,177
	59,915	:	57,871		252,183	48,591		(59,371)		374,651
	26,515		2,704		(2,224)	 461,980		66,343		754,712
\$	86,430	\$	60,575	\$	249,959	\$ 510,571	\$	6,972	\$	1,129,363

## Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds December 31, 2019

Assets	Police Pension	Non-Uniform Pension - Defined Benefit	Non-Uniform Pension - Defined Contribution	Total
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 36,707 19,967,849	\$ 18,084 4,188,728	\$ 66,675 185,944	\$ 121,466 24,342,521
Total Assets	20,004,556	4,206,812	252,619	24,463,987
Liabilities				
Net Position				
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ 20,004,556	\$ 4,206,812	\$ 252,619	\$ 24,463,987

## Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Funds Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Police Pension	Non-Uniform Pension - Defined Benefit	Non-Uniform Pension - Defined Contribution	Total
Additions				
Contributions				
Plan Members	\$ 159,801	\$ 16,125	\$ 22,669	\$ 198,595
State	266,266	128,012	-	394,278
Employer	646,395	10,826	38,763	695,984
Total Contributions	1,072,462	154,963	61,432	1,288,857
Investment Earnings				
Net Decrease in Fair Value of				
Investments	2,637,838	563,362	31,904	3,233,104
Dividends	676,680	138,198	2,473	817,351
	3,314,518	701,560	34,377	4,050,455
Less Investment Expense	(46,918)	(9,949)	(2,120)	(58,987)
Total Net Investment Loss	3,267,600	691,611	32,257	3,991,468
Miscellaneous Revenue	2,619	10		2,629
Total Additions	4,342,681	846,584	93,689	5,282,954
Deductions				
Benefits	915,371	192,638	400	1,108,409
Change in Net Position	3,427,310	653,946	93,289	4,174,545
Net Position, Held in Trust				
Beginning of Year	16,577,246	3,552,866	159,330	20,289,442
End of Year	\$ 20,004,556	\$ 4,206,812	\$ 252,619	\$ 24,463,987

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Fire Fund						
	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)				
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 567,611	\$ 570,978	\$ 3,367				
Intergovernmental	-	-	-				
Charges for Services	-	-	-				
Interest Income and Rents	-	-	-				
Miscellaneous Revenues							
Total Revenues	567,611	570,978	3,367				
Expenditures							
Public Safety	315,000	315,000	-				
Public Works	-	-	-				
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-				
Debt Service - Principal	-	-	-				
Debt Service - Interest	-	-	-				
Capital Expenditures	-	-	-				
Total Expenditures	315,000	315,000					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	252,611	255,978	3,367				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating Transfers In (Out)	(252,000)	(243,000)	9,000				
Net Change in Fund Balances	611	12,978	12,367				
Fund Balances							
Beginning of Year	700	5,236	4,536				
End of Year	\$ 1,311	\$ 18,214	\$ 16,903				

	Par	k and Recreation	Fund	State Highway Aid Fund					
Original Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Original Bud	get Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
\$	206,800	\$ 202,398	\$ (4,402)	\$	- \$ -	\$ -			
	-	-	-	534,92	20 546,285	11,365			
	130,300	147,644	17,344		-	-			
	20,200	5,935	(14,265)	50	00 2,503	2,003			
	33,000	24,459	(8,541)			-			
	390,300	380,436	(9,864)	535,42	20 548,788	13,368			
	-	-	-			-			
	-	-	-	540,00	00 248,476	291,524			
	359,215	376,197	(16,982)			-			
	-	-	-		- 110,032	(110,032)			
	-	-	-		- 8,746	(8,746)			
	-	-	-		- 183,289	(183,289)			
	359,215	376,197	(16,982)	540,00	550,543	(10,543)			
	31,085	4,239	(26,846)	(4,58	80) (1,755)	2,825			
			,						
	(32,500)		32,500						
	(32,300)		32,300		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
	(1,415)	4,239	5,654	(4,58	80) (1,755)	2,825			
	(-,)	.,200	- ,50	( ,,e ,	(=,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,5 <b>_c</b>			
	45,908	33,115	(12,793)	163,9	17 161,043	(2,874)			
	73,700	33,113	(12,773)	103,7	101,043	(2,074)			
\$	44,493	\$ 37,354	\$ (7,139)	\$ 159,33	\$ 159,288	\$ (49)			

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Pool and Open Space Fund					
	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
Revenues						
Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Expenditures						
Public Safety	-	-	-			
Parks and Recreation	360,000	111,692	248,308			
Capital Expenditures	· <u>-</u>	-	-			
Total Expenditures	360,000	111,692	248,308			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(360,000)	(111,692)	248,308			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers In (Out)	360,500	169,563	(190,937)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	500	57,871	57,371			
Fund Balances						
Beginning of Year	6,043	2,704	(3,339)			
End of Year	\$ 6,543	\$ 60,575	\$ 54,032			

Park and Recreation Reserve Fund					Equipment Reserve Fund						
Original Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		Original Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
\$	38,000	\$	89,275	\$	51,275	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	_\$_	<u>-</u>
	40,000 375,000 415,000		62,585 99,507 162,092		(22,585) 275,493 252,908		- - - -		125,623		(125,623) - - (125,623)
	(377,000)		(72,817)		304,183		-		(125,623)		(125,623)
	357,500		325,000		(32,500)		183,214		174,214		(9,000)
	(19,500)		252,183		271,683		183,214		48,591		(134,623)
	38,535		(2,224)		(40,759)		476,450		461,980		(14,470)
\$	19,035	\$	249,959	\$	230,924	\$	659,664	\$	510,571	\$	(149,093)

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Reserve Fund Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Orig	Original Budget Actual				Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	20,000	\$	_	\$	(20,000)		
Miscellaneous Revenues	Ψ	15,300	φ	46,947	φ	31,647		
Total Revenues		35,300		46,947		11,647		
Total Revenues		33,300		40,947		11,047		
Expenditures								
Public Safety		-		5,730		(5,730)		
Capital Expenditures		391,000		331,702		59,298		
Total Expenditures		391,000		337,432		53,568		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(355,700)		(290,485)		65,215		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from Issuance of Long-Term Note		180,000		720,000		540,000		
Debt Issuance Costs		_		(3,600)		(3,600)		
Operating Transfers In (Out)		170,000		(366,000)		(536,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		350,000		350,400		400		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(5,700)		59,915		65,615		
Fund Balances								
Beginning of Year		23,766		26,515		2,749		
End of Year	\$	18,066	\$	86,430	\$	68,364		